

January 1 – December 31, 2026



Evidence of Coverage for 2026:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Drug Coverage as a Member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) Medicare Advantage Plan

This document gives the details of your Medicare health and drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2026. **This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.**

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand:

- Our plan premium and cost sharing
- Our medical and drug benefits
- How to file a complaint if you're not satisfied with a service or treatment
- How to contact us
- Other protections required by Medicare law

For questions about this document, please contact Customer Service at 1-888-281-7867 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.

This plan, HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), is offered by HealthSpring. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means HealthSpring. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means HealthSpring True Choice (PPO).)

This document is available for free in Spanish. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service. We can give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats if you need it.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayment/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2027.

Our formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network can change at any time. You'll get notice about any changes that can affect you at least 30 days in advance.

OMB Approval 0938-1051 (Expires: August 31, 2026)

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1: Get started as a member	5
SECTION 1 You're a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)	5
SECTION 2 Plan eligibility requirements	6
SECTION 3 Important membership materials.....	7
SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)	9
SECTION 5 More information about your monthly plan premium	14
SECTION 6 Keep our plan membership record up to date.....	14
SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan	15
CHAPTER 2: Phone numbers and resources	17
SECTION 1 HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) contacts	17
SECTION 2 Get help from Medicare.....	22
SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)	23
SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)	23
SECTION 5 Social Security	24
SECTION 6 Medicaid	25
SECTION 7 Programs to help people pay for prescription drugs	25
SECTION 8 Railroad Retirement Board (RRB).....	28
SECTION 9 If you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer.....	29
CHAPTER 3: Using our plan for your medical services	30
SECTION 1 How to get medical care as a member of our plan	30
SECTION 2 Use network and out-of-network providers to get medical care	31
SECTION 3 How to get services in an emergency, disaster, or urgent need for care	36
SECTION 4 What if you're billed directly for the full cost of covered services?	38
SECTION 5 Medical services in a clinical research study.....	38
SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution	40
SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment	41
CHAPTER 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)	43
SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services.....	43
SECTION 2 The Medical Benefits Chart shows your medical benefits and costs.....	45
SECTION 3 Services that aren't covered by our plan (exclusions).....	47

CHAPTER 5: Using plan coverage for Part D drugs	48
SECTION 1 Basic rules for our plan's Part D drug coverage	48
SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through our plan's mail-order services.....	48
SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on our plan's Drug List.....	52
SECTION 4 Drugs with restrictions on coverage.....	54
SECTION 5 What you can do if one of your drugs isn't covered the way you'd like	55
SECTION 6 Our Drug List can change during the year	58
SECTION 7 Types of drugs we don't cover	60
SECTION 8 How to fill a prescription.....	61
SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations.....	62
SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications	63
CHAPTER 6: What you pay for Part D drugs	66
SECTION 1 What you pay for Part D drugs	66
SECTION 2 Drug payment stages for HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) members	68
SECTION 3 Your Part D Explanation of Benefits (EOB) explains which payment stage you're in	68
SECTION 4 The Deductible Stage.....	70
SECTION 5 The Initial Coverage Stage	71
SECTION 6 The Catastrophic Coverage Stage	73
SECTION 7 Additional benefits information	74
SECTION 8 What you pay for Part D vaccines	74
CHAPTER 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs	77
SECTION 1 Situations when you should ask us to pay our share for covered services or drugs	77
SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got.....	79
SECTION 3 We'll consider your request for payment and say yes or no	80
CHAPTER 8: Your rights and responsibilities	82
SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities.....	82
SECTION 2 Your responsibilities as a member of our plan	87
CHAPTER 9: If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)	89
SECTION 1 What to do if you have a problem or concern	89
SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized help	89

SECTION 3	Which process to use for your problem	90
SECTION 4	A guide to coverage decisions and appeals	91
SECTION 5	Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal	94
SECTION 6	Part D drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal	102
SECTION 7	How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon	111
SECTION 8	How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.....	116
SECTION 9	Taking your appeal to Levels 3, 4, and 5	120
SECTION 10	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns	123
CHAPTER 10: Ending membership in our plan		126
SECTION 1	Ending your membership in our plan.....	126
SECTION 2	When can you end your membership in our plan?	126
SECTION 3	How to end your membership in our plan	129
SECTION 4	Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan	130
SECTION 5	HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) must end our plan membership in certain situations	130
CHAPTER 11: Legal notices.....		132
SECTION 1	Notice about governing law.....	132
SECTION 2	Notice about nondiscrimination	132
SECTION 3	Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights	132
CHAPTER 12: Definitions.....		134

CHAPTER 1:

Get started as a member

SECTION 1 You're a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)

Section 1.1 You're enrolled in HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), which is a Medicare PPO

You're covered by Medicare, and you chose to get your Medicare health and drug coverage through our plan, HealthSpring True Choice (PPO). Our plan covers all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan are different from Original Medicare.

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Section 1.2 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs* (formulary), and any notices you get from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026.

Medicare allows us to make changes to our plans we offer each calendar year. This means we can change the costs and benefits of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) after December 31, 2026. We can also choose to stop offering our plan in your service area, after December 31, 2026.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue offering our plan and Medicare renews approval of our plan.

SECTION 2 Plan eligibility requirements

Section 2.1 Eligibility requirements

You're eligible for membership in our plan as long as you meet all these conditions:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- You live in our geographic service area (described in Section 2.2). People who are incarcerated aren't considered to be living in the geographic service area, even if they're physically located in it.
- You're a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

Section 2.2 Plan service area for HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) is only available to people who live in our plan service area. To stay a member of our plan, you must continue to live in our service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

If you move out of our plan's service area, you can't stay a member of this plan. Call your Plan Sponsor to see if they have a plan in your new area. When you move, you'll have a Special Enrollment Period to either switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan in your new location.


If you move or change your mailing address, it's also important to call Social Security. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

Section 2.3 U.S. citizen or lawful presence

You must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of a Medicare health plan. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) if you're not eligible to stay a member of our plan on this basis. HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

Chapter 1 Get started as a member**SECTION 3 Important membership materials****Section 3.1 Our plan membership card**

Use your membership card whenever you get services covered by our plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if you have one. Sample plan membership card:

		<Plan Name> <Plan Type> <Employer Name>
Name	<Customer Full Name>	<Contract/PBP[/segment]>
ID	<Customer ID>	
Health Plan	<(80840)>	MedicareRx Prescription Drug Coverage X
Effective Date	<Effective Date>	
[Dental Plan	<Dental Benefit>	
		[RxBIN <XXXXXXX>]
[No PCP Required]		[RxPCN <XXXXXXX>]
[No Referral Required]	COPAYS (IN/OON)	[RxGRP <XXXXXXX>]
PCP	<\$xx>	Specialist <\$xx>
Emergency	<\$xx>	Urgent care <\$xx>
This card does not guarantee coverage or payment. <barcode>		
[Services may require [a referral or] [an] authorization by the Health Plan.] [Medicare limiting charges apply.]		
[Customer Service <--Toll Free Number --> (TTY 711)]		
[<RetireeFirst Member Advocacy Line>	<Phone Number>	
[Provider Services	<Phone Number>	
[Authorization][Referral]	<Phone Number>	
[Provider Medical Claims]	<Address>	
[Pharmacy Help Desk	<Phone Number>	
[Pharmacy Claims	<Address>	
[Dental Services	<Phone Number> (TTY 771)]	
[Provider Dental Claims	<Address>	
[<URL>]		

DON'T use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you're a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials).

If our plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we'll send you a new card.

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

As a member of our plan, you can choose to get care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. However, if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher. Go to Chapter 3 for more specific information.

If you don't have a *Provider Directory*, you can ask for a copy (electronically or in paper form) from Customer Service. Requested paper *Provider Directories* will be mailed to you within 3 business days.

Section 3.3 Pharmacy Directory

The *Pharmacy Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA lists our network pharmacies. **Network pharmacies** are pharmacies that agree to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that aren't in our plan's network.

If you don't have a *Pharmacy Directory*, you can ask for a copy from Customer Service.

Section 3.4 Drug List (formulary)

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs* (also called the Drug List or formulary). It tells which prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in HealthSpring True Choice (PPO). The drugs on this list are selected by our plan, with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List must meet Medicare's requirements. Drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program will be included on your Drug List unless they have been removed and replaced as described in Chapter 5, Section 6. Medicare approved the HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells if there are any rules that restrict coverage for a drug.

We'll give you a copy of the Drug List. The Drug List includes information for the covered drugs most commonly used by our members. However, we also cover additional drugs that aren't included in the Drug List. If one of your drugs isn't listed in the Drug List, visit our

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

website or call Customer Service. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, visit www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA or call Customer Service.

SECTION 4 Summary of Important costs for *HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)*

	Your Costs in 2026
Monthly plan premium* *Go to Section 4.1 for details.	Contact your Plan Sponsor
Deductible	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i> Deductible does not apply to insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment.
Maximum out-of-pocket amount This is the <u>most</u> you'll pay out-of-pocket for covered services. (Go to Chapter 4 Section 1 for details.)	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i>
Primary care office visits	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i>
Specialist office visits	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i>
Inpatient hospital stays	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i>
Part D drug coverage deductible (Go to Chapter 6 Section 4 Section for details.)	Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i> Deductibles do not apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines.

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

	Your Costs in 2026
<p>Part D drug coverage</p> <p>(Go to Chapter 6 for details, including Yearly Deductible, Initial Coverage, and Catastrophic Coverage Stages.)</p>	<p>Refer to the <i>Evidence of Coverage Snapshot</i></p> <p>Catastrophic Coverage Stage:</p> <p>During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.</p> <p>You may have cost sharing for drugs that are covered under our enhanced benefit.</p>

Your costs can include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium (Section 4.3)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.4)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.5)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section 4.6)

Section 4.1 Plan premium

Your coverage is provided through a contract with your current employer or former employer or union. Contact the employer's or union's benefits administrator for information about our plan premium.

If you *already* get help from one of these programs, **the information about premiums in this *Evidence of Coverage* may not apply to you.** We send you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*) each fall, which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, call Customer Service and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

In some situations, our plan premium could be less.

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include Extra Help and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. Learn more these programs in

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

Chapter 2, Section 7. If you qualify, enrolling in one of these programs might lower your monthly plan premium.

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums, check your copy of the *Medicare & You 2026* handbook in the section called *2026 Medicare Costs*. Download a copy from the Medicare website at (www.Medicare.gov/medicare-and-you) or order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium**Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to stay a member of our plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. You may also pay a premium for Part A if you aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

Section 4.3 Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium

There is no separate premium amount for any supplemental benefits described in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*.

Section 4.4 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D **late enrollment penalty**. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there was a period of 63 days or more in a row when you didn't have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You'll have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly premium. When you first enroll in HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), we let you know the amount of the penalty.

You **don't** have to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty if:

- You get Extra Help from Medicare to help pay your drug costs.
- You went less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.
- You had creditable drug coverage through another source (like a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA)). Your insurer or human

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. You may get this information in a letter or in a newsletter from our plan. Keep this information because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Note:** Any letter or notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard drug plan pays.
- **Note:** Prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites aren't creditable prescription drug coverage.

Medicare determines the amount of the Part D late enrollment penalty. Here's how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, our plan will count the number of full months you didn't have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty percentage will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly plan premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year (national base beneficiary premium). For 2025, this average premium amount was \$36.78. This amount may change for 2026.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, multiply the penalty percentage by the national base beneficiary premium and round to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.149. This rounds to \$5.20. This amount would be added **to the monthly plan premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.**

Three important things to know about the monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- **The penalty may change each year,** because the national base beneficiary premium can change each year.
- **You'll continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you're enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- If you're *under* 65 and enrolled in Medicare, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must ask for this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you get stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before you joined our plan, you may not have another chance to ask for a review of that late enrollment penalty.

Section 4.5 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA). The extra charge is calculated using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit www.Medicare.gov/health-drug-plans/part-d/basics/costs.

If you have to pay an extra IRMAA, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay our plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you'll get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay the extra IRMAA to the government. It can't be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you don't pay the extra IRMAA, you'll be disenrolled from our plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**

If you disagree about paying an extra IRMAA, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out how to do this, call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

Section 4.6 Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, each month you'll pay our plan premium (if you have one) and you'll get a bill from your health or drug plan for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in Chapter 9 to make a complaint or appeal.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly plan premium

Section 5.1 How to pay our plan premium

Please contact the employer's or union's benefits administrator for information about your plan premium.

Section 5.2 Our monthly plan premium won't change during the year

We're not allowed to change our plan's monthly plan premium amount during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we'll tell you in September and the new premium will take effect on January 1.

If you become eligible for Extra Help or lose your eligibility for Extra Help during the year, the part of our plan premium you have to pay may change. If you qualify for Extra Help with your drug coverage costs, Extra Help pays part of your monthly plan premiums. If you lose your eligibility for Extra Help during the year, you'll need to start paying the full monthly plan premium. Find out more about Extra Help in Chapter 2, Section 7.

- If you currently pay a Part D late enrollment penalty and become eligible for Extra Help during the year, you'd be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you lose Extra Help, you may be subject to the Part D late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable drug coverage.

Find out more about Extra Help in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 6 Keep our plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and phone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Medical Group.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in our plan's network **use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and your cost-sharing amounts**. Because of this, it's very important to help us keep your information up to date.

If you have any of these changes, let us know:

- Changes to your name, address, or phone number
- Changes in any other health coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, Workers' Compensation, or Medicaid)

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

- Any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you're admitted to a nursing home
- If you get care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you participate in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You're not required to tell our plan about clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, let us know.

It's also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Medicare requires us to collect information about any other medical or drug coverage you have so we can coordinate any other coverage with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once a year, we'll send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug coverage we know about. Read this information carefully. If it's correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information isn't correct, or if you have other coverage that's not listed, call Customer Service. You may need to give our plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you confirm their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), Medicare rules decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first (the "primary payer"), pays up to the limits of its coverage. The insurance that pays second (the "secondary payer"), only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):

Chapter 1 Get started as a member

- If you're under 65 and disabled and you (or your family member) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 100 employees.
- If you're over 65 and you (or your spouse or domestic partner) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' Compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:

Phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1 HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) contacts

For help with claims, billing, or member card questions, call or write to HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) Customer Service. We'll be happy to help you.

Customer Service – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Write	<p>HealthSpring, Attn: Medicare Customer Service PO Box 1002 Nashville, TN 37202</p>
Website	<p>www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA</p>

How to ask for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services or Part D drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

us to review and change a coverage decision. For more information on how to ask for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D drugs, go to Chapter 9.

Coverage Decisions for Medical Care– Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Write	<p>HealthSpring, Attn: Precertification Department PO Box 188081 Chattanooga, TN 37422</p>
Website	<p>www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA</p>

Coverage Decisions for Prescription Drugs – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p>

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

	<p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Write	<p>HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)</p> <p>Attn: Coverage Determination & Exceptions</p> <p>8455 University Place #HQ2L-04</p> <p>St. Louis, MO 63121</p>
Website	www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA

Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-800-511-6943</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Fax	1-855-350-8671
Write	<p>HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)</p> <p>Attn: Part C Appeals</p> <p>PO Box 188081</p> <p>Chattanooga, TN 37422</p>
Website	www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information**

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours are Monday–Friday, 7:00 am– 9:00 pm local time. Messaging service used weekends, after hours, and on federal holidays. Calls to this number are free.</p>
Fax	1-855-350-8671
Write	<p>HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)</p> <p>Attn: Part C Appeals</p> <p>PO Box 188081</p> <p>Chattanooga, TN 37422</p>
Website	www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA

How to make a complaint about your medical and/or Part D prescription drug care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on how to make a complaint about your medical care, go to Chapter 9.

Complaints about Medical Care and part D prescription Drugs – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our</p>
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Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

	automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available</p> <p>October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Write	<p>HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)</p> <p>Attn: Medicare Grievance Dept</p> <p>PO Box 188080</p> <p>Chattanooga, TN 37422</p>
Medicare website	To submit a complaint about <i>HealthSpring True Choice (PPO)</i> directly to Medicare, go to www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint .

How to ask us to pay our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you got

If you got a bill or paid for services (like a provider bill) you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. Go to Chapter 7 for more information.

If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Go to Chapter 9 for more information.

Payment Requests – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available</p> <p>October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available</p> <p>October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our</p>

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

	automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.
Write	Part C (Medical Services) HealthSpring Attn: DMR - Medical Claims PO Box 1004 Nashville, TN 37202 Part D (Prescription Drugs) HealthSpring Attn: DMR - Medicare Part D PO Box 14718 Lexington, KY 40512-4718
Website	www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA

SECTION 2 Get help from Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including our plan.

Medicare – Contact Information

Call	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
Chat Live	Chat live at www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone .
Write	Write to Medicare at PO Box 1270, Lawrence, KS 66044
Website	www.Medicare.gov

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

- Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide.
- Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers.
- Find out what Medicare covers, including preventive services (like screenings, shots or vaccines, and yearly “Wellness” visits).
- Get Medicare appeals information and forms.
- Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals.
- Look up helpful websites and phone numbers.

You can also visit www.Medicare.gov to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about HealthSpring True Choice (PPO).

To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. Refer to Appendix A for a list of SHIP programs.

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and straighten out problems, with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems, help you understand your Medicare plan choices, and answer questions about switching plans.

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. Refer to Appendix B for a list of QIOs.

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

A designated Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) serves people with Medicare in each state.

The Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The QIO is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

Contact the QIO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you got. Examples of quality-of-care concerns include getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services is ending too soon.

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment. Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount, or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, contact Social Security to let them know.

Social Security– Contact Information

Call	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. Use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

	Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday.
Website	www.SSA.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. Medicaid offers programs to help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and Medicare Savings Programs, contact refer to Appendix C.

SECTION 7 Programs to help people pay for prescription drugs

The Medicare website (www.Medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs) has information on ways to lower your prescription drug costs. The programs below can help people with limited incomes.

Extra Help from Medicare

Medicare and Social Security have a program called Extra Help that can help pay drug costs for people with limited income and resources. If you qualify, you get help paying for your Medicare drug plan's monthly plan premium, yearly deductible, and copayments. Extra Help also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for Extra Help, Medicare will mail you a purple letter to let you know. If you don't automatically qualify, you can apply any time. To see if you qualify for getting Extra Help:

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

- Visit <https://secure.ssa.gov/i1020/start> to apply online.
- Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users call 1-800-325-0778.

When you apply for Extra Help, you can also start the application process for a Medicare Savings Program (MSP). These state programs provide help with other Medicare costs. Social Security will send information to your state to initiate an MSP application, unless you tell them not to on the Extra Help application.

If you qualify for Extra Help and you think that you're paying an incorrect amount for your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process to help you get evidence of the right copayment amount. If you already have evidence of the right amount, we can help you share this evidence with us.

- Please contact Customer Service to request assistance or to provide evidence to establish the correct copayment level. Please note that any document must show that you were eligible for Medicaid during a month after June of the previous calendar year.
- When we get the evidence showing the right copayment level, we'll update our system so you can pay the right amount when you get your next prescription. If you overpay your copayment, we'll pay you back, either by check or a future copayment credit. If the pharmacy didn't collect your copayment and you owe them a debt, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Call Customer Service if you have questions.

What if you have Extra Help and coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?

Many states offer help paying for prescriptions, drug plan premiums and/or other drug costs. If you're enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), Medicare's Extra Help pays first.

Refer to Appendix D for a list of SPAP providers.

What if you have Extra Help and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps people living with HIV/AIDS access life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing help through the ADAP.

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP in your state, people must meet certain criteria, including proof of state residence and HIV status, low income (as defined by the state), and

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to get help. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, refer to Appendix E.

State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs that help people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members. Refer to Appendix D for a list of SPAPs.

Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it can help you manage your costs for drugs covered by our plan by spreading them across **the calendar year** (January – December). Anyone with a Medicare drug plan or Medicare health plan with drug coverage (like a Medicare Advantage plan with drug coverage) can use this payment option. **This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan and stay in the same Part D plan, your participation will be automatically renewed for 2026.** To learn more about this payment option, call Customer Service or visit www.Medicare.gov.

Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p> <p>1-866-845-1803</p> <p>Call hours are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local</p>

Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

	<p>time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>1-800-716-3231</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Our hours are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>
Write	<p>Express Scripts Medicare Prescription Payment Plan PO Box 2 Saint Louis, MO 63166</p> <p>This address is only to be used for general inquiries. Additional addresses will be provided for the paper election forms and for the payment process.</p>
Website	https://www.express-scripts.com/mppp

SECTION 8 Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Railroad Retirement Board (RRB) – Contact Information

Call	<p>1-877-772-5772</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Press “0” to speak with an RRB representative from 9 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9 am to 12 pm on Wednesday.</p> <p>Press “1” to access the automated RRB HelpLine and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</p>
TTY	<p>1-312-751-4701</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number aren't free.</p>
Website	https://RRB.gov

SECTION 9 If you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service with any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this document.) You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) with questions about your Medicare coverage under this plan. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have other drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you understand how your current drug coverage will work with our plan.

CHAPTER 3:

Using our plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 **How to get medical care as a member of our plan**

This chapter explains what you need to know about using our plan to get your medical care covered. For details on what medical care our plan covers and how much you pay when you get care, go to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.1 **Network providers and covered services**

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, equipment, and prescription drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2 **Basic rules for your medical care to be covered by our plan**

As a Medicare health plan, HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and follow Original Medicare’s coverage rules.

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you get is included in our plan’s Medical Benefits Chart** – refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*.
- **The care you get is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

- **You get your care from a provider who's eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.** As a member of our plan, you can get care from either a network provider or an out-of-network provider (go to Section 2 for more information).
 - The providers in our network are listed in the *Provider Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA.
 - If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.
 - Note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare. If you go to a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you'll be responsible for the full cost of the services you get. Check with your provider before getting services to confirm that they're eligible to participate in Medicare.

SECTION 2 Use network and out-of-network providers to get medical care

Section 2.1 You may choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care**What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?**

As a member of our plan, you do not have to choose a network Primary Care Physician (PCP); however, we strongly encourage you to do so and to let us know who you choose. Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers. Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as your PCP:

- General Practitioner
- Family medicine
- Internal medicine
- Geriatrics

Your PCP will provide most of your care, and they will coordinate your care with other providers when you need more specialized services. They will help you find a specialist and

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

will help arrange the covered services you get as a member of our plan. Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

- X-rays
- Laboratory tests
- Therapies
- Care from doctors who are specialists
- Hospital admissions

Coordinating your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it's progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate most of your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP's office.

In some cases, your PCP or other provider may need to get approval in advance from our plan's Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting prior authorization). Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*. Prior authorization is not required for covered services received out-of-network; however, you or your doctor may ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary by calling Customer Service.

How to choose a PCP

You can select your Primary Care Physician (PCP) by choosing from those listed in our plan's Provider and Pharmacy Directory; the most updated list can be found on our website at www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA. If you need help, you can call Customer Service for assistance. You can also change your PCP by contacting Customer Service.

How to change your PCP

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you'd need to choose a new PCP.

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

To change your PCP, call Customer Service at the number printed on the back of this document before you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Customer Service if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change.

Section 2.2 Medical care you can get without a PCP referral

You can get any services that are medically necessary without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, including breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams
- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccines, Hepatitis B vaccines, and pneumonia vaccines
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed plan-covered services are services that require immediate medical attention (but not an emergency) if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're temporarily outside our plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost-sharing you pay our plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you're outside our plan's service area and get dialysis from a provider that is outside our plan's network, your cost sharing can't exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is available and you choose to get services inside the service area from a provider outside our plan's network, the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. For example:

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

When a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) in our plan's network during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that you have uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to choose a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you visited that provider within the past 3 years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them, or visited them within the past 3 months.
- We'll help you choose a new qualified in-network provider for continued care.
- If you're undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.
- When an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs, we'll arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network at in-network cost sharing. Call Customer Service to see if prior authorization is needed.
- If you find out that your doctor or specialist is leaving our plan, contact us so we can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we haven't furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care isn't being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality-of-care complaint to the QIO, a quality-of-care grievance to our plan, or both (go to Chapter 9).

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

As a member of our plan, you can choose to get care from out-of-network providers. However, providers that don't contract with us are under no obligation to treat you, except in emergency situations. Our plan will cover services from either network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. However, **if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for covered services may be higher.** Here are more important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

- You can get your care from an out-of-network provider; however, in most cases that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare. If you get care from a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you'll be responsible for the full cost of the services you get. Check with your provider before getting services to confirm that they're eligible to participate in Medicare.
- You don't need a referral or prior authorization when you get care from out-of-network providers. However, before getting services from out-of-network providers, ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you get are covered and medically necessary (go to Chapter 9, Section 4). This is important because:
 - Without a pre-visit coverage decision, and if our plan later determines that the services aren't covered or weren't medically necessary, our plan may deny coverage and you'll be responsible for the entire cost. If we say we won't cover the services you got, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care (go to Chapter 9).
- It's best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill our plan first. But, if you've already paid for the covered services, we'll reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. Or if an out-of-network provider sends you a bill you think we should pay, you can send it to us for payment (go to Chapter 7).
- If you're using an out-of-network provider for emergency care, urgently needed services, or out-of-area dialysis, you may not have to pay a higher cost-sharing amount (go to Section 3).

Section 2.5 How to get care if you live in a non-network area

Contact Customer Service.

SECTION 3 How to get services in an emergency, disaster, or urgent need for care

Section 3.1 Get care if you have a medical emergency

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You don't need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You don't need to use a network doctor. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they're not part of our network.
- **As soon as possible, make sure our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Call the toll-free number on the back of your membership card.

Covered services in a medical emergency

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and when the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you're entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If you get your follow-up care from out-of-network providers, you'll pay the higher out-of-network cost sharing.

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care—thinking that your health is in serious danger—and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it wasn't an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we'll cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, the amount of cost sharing that you pay will depend on whether you get the care from network providers or out-of-network providers. If you get the care from network providers, your share of the costs will usually be lower than if you get the care from out-of-network providers.

Section 3.2 Get care when you have an urgent need for services

A service that requires immediate medical attention (but isn't an emergency) is an urgently needed service if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits, such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

For a list of urgent care centers in our network, please refer to our Provider and Pharmacy Directory. You can call Customer Service for information on how to access urgent care centers.

Section 3.3 Get care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA for information on how to get needed care during a disaster.

If you can't use a network provider during a disaster, our plan will allow you to get care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescriptions at an out-of-network pharmacy. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5.

SECTION 4 What if you're billed directly for the full cost of covered services?

If you paid more than our plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you get a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, you can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services. Go to Chapter 7 for information about what to do.

Section 4.1 If services aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. If you get services that aren't covered by our plan, you're responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you use up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, you may have to pay the full cost of any skilled nursing facility care you get after our plan's payment reaches the benefit limit. Once you have used up your benefit limit, additional payments you make for the service do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum.

SECTION 5 Medical services in a clinical research study

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically ask for volunteers to participate in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for covered services you get as part of the study. If you tell us you're in a qualified clinical trial, you're only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more—for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount—we'll reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. You'll need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you don't need to tell us or get approval from us. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study don't need to be part of our plan's network. (This doesn't apply to covered benefits that require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit, including certain benefits

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.)

While you don't need our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study not approved by Medicare, you'll be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

Section 5.2 Who pays for services in a clinical research study

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you get as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it's part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare pays its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you'll pay the same amount for services you get as part of the study as you would if you got these services from our plan. However, you must submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Go to Chapter 7 for more information on submitting requests for payments.

Example of cost sharing in a clinical trial: Let's say you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would notify our plan that you got a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation (like a provider bill) to our plan. Our plan would then directly pay you \$10. This makes your net payment for the test \$10, the same amount you'd pay under our plan's benefits.

When you're in a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare won't pay for the new item or service the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you weren't in a study.

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

- Items or services provided only to collect data and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare won't pay for monthly CT scans done as part of a study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services provided by the research sponsors free of charge for people in the trial.

Get more information about joining a clinical research study

Get more information about joining a clinical research study in the Medicare publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*, available at www.Medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 A religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we'll instead cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 How to get care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that's *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment you get that's *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

- Our plan only covers non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - – *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay won't be covered.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 You won't own some durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items like oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for members to use in the home. The member always owns some DME items, like prosthetics. Other types of DME you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. **As a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), you usually won't get ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan.** You won't get ownership even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under some limited circumstances, we'll transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Customer Service for more information.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you didn't get ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you'll have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare to own the DME item. The payments you made while enrolled in our plan don't count towards these 13 payments.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare don't count. You'll have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You didn't get ownership of the item while in our plan. You then go back

Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

to Original Medicare. You'll have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you rejoin Original Medicare. Any payments you already made (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) don't count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave our plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for 5 years. During the first 36 months, you rent the equipment. For the remaining 24 months, the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you're still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After 5 years, you can choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the 5-year cycle starts over again, even if you stay with the same company, and you're again required to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the 5-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:

Medical Benefits Chart

(what's covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

The Medical Benefits Chart lists your covered services and shows how much you pay for each covered service as a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO). This section also gives information about medical services that aren't covered. Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for the list of your covered services and the cost-shares for those services.

Section 1.1 Out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered services

Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered services include.

- **Deductible:** the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. (The Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* tells you more about your deductible.)
- **Copayment:** the fixed amount you pay each time you get certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance:** the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program don't pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. If you're in one of these programs, be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider.

Section 1.2 Our plan deductible

Your deductible, if your plan has one, is located in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*.

Until you've paid the deductible amount, you must pay the full cost for most of your covered services. After you pay your deductible, we'll start to pay our share of the costs for covered medical services, and you'll pay your share for the rest of the calendar year.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

The deductible doesn't apply to some services, including certain in-network preventive services. This means that we pay our share of the costs for these services even if you haven't paid your deductible yet. Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for details.

Section 1.3 Our plan may have a deductible for certain types of services from network providers

If there is a deductible, until you have paid the deductible amount, you must pay the full cost for services. After you pay your deductible, we'll pay our share of the costs for these services, and you'll pay your share. The Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* shows any service category deductibles.

Section 1.4 What's the most you'll pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* to learn about the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services.

Section 1.5 Our plan may also limits your out-of-pocket costs for certain types of services

Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* to see if other limits apply.

Section 1.6 Providers aren't allowed to balance bill you

As a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), you have an important protection because you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers can't bill you for additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there's a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here's how protection from balance billing works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider. You'll generally have higher copayments when you get care from out-of-network providers.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you get covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by our plan's reimbursement rate (this is set in the contract between the provider and our plan).

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

- If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
- If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who doesn't participate with Medicare, then you pay the coinsurance amount multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- If you think a provider has balance billed you, call Customer Service.

SECTION 2 The Medical Benefits Chart shows your medical benefits and costs

The Medical Benefits Chart on the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* lists the services HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service (Part D drug coverage is covered in Chapter 5). The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when these requirements are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to Medicare coverage guidelines.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan can't require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.
- Some services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered as in-network services *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval from us in advance (sometimes called prior authorization).
 - Covered services that need approval in advance to be covered as in-network services are marked in bold in the Medical Benefits Chart.
 - You never need approval in advance for out-of-network services from out-of-network providers.
 - While you don't need approval in advance for out-of-network services, you or your doctor can ask us to make a coverage decision in advance.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

- For benefits where your cost sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you get the services from:
 - If you get covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by our plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and our plan).
 - If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who doesn't participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (To learn more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, go to your *Medicare & You 2026* handbook. View it online at www.Medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For preventive services covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover those services at no cost to you. However, if you're also treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you get the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care you got for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2026, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.



This apple shows preventive services in the Medical Benefits Chart found in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*.

Medical Benefits Chart – refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*

Section 2.1 Extra optional supplemental benefits

If our plan offers some extra benefits that aren't covered by Original Medicare, they are called **Optional Supplemental Benefits**. These are described in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* if they apply to your plan and are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

Section 2.2 Get care using our plan's optional visitor/traveler benefit

Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* to see if your plan has world-wide coverage benefits.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

If you don't permanently move but are continuously away from our plan's service area for more than 6 months, we usually must disenroll you from our plan. However, we offer a visitor/traveler program, that will allow you to stay enrolled when you're outside of our service area for less than 12 months. Under our visitor/traveler program you can get all plan covered services at in-network cost sharing. Contact our plan for help locating a provider when using the visitor/traveler benefit.

If you're in the visitor/traveler area, you can stay enrolled in our plan for up to 12 months. If you don't return to our plan's service area within 12 months, you'll be disenrolled from our plan.

SECTION 3 Services that aren't covered by our plan (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, aren't covered by this plan.

The chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* lists services and items that either aren't covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*. Even if you get the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan won't pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3.)

CHAPTER 5:

Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

SECTION 1 Basic rules for our plan's Part D drug coverage

Go to the Medical Benefits Chart in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

Our plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription that's valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription (Go to Section 2), or you can fill your prescription through our plan's mail-order service.
- Your drug must be on our plan's Drug List (go to Section 3).
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that's either approved by the FDA or supported by certain references. (Go to Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
- Your drug may require approval from our plan based on certain criteria before we agree to cover it. (Go to Section 4 for more information.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through our plan's mail-order service

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they're filled at our plan's network pharmacies. (Go to Section 2.5 for information about when we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with our plan to provide your covered drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all the Part D drugs that are on our plan's Drug List.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

Section 2.1 Network pharmacies**Find a network pharmacy in your area**

To find a network pharmacy, go to your *Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website at www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA, and/or call Customer Service.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

If your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you'll have to find a new pharmacy in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, call Customer Service or use the *Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA.

Specialized pharmacies

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have difficulty getting Part D drugs in an LTC facility, call Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on its use. To locate a specialized pharmacy, go to your *Pharmacy Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA or call Customer Service.

Section 2.2 Our plan's mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply**.

To get information about filling your prescriptions by mail, call Customer Service.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 14 days. In the event a mail order package is delayed, the mail-order pharmacy will assist you to coordinate a short-term fill with a retail pharmacy that is near you. You can also contact Customer Service for assistance.

New prescriptions the pharmacy gets directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it gets from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You can ask for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions at any time by calling 1-877-860-0982 (TTY 711) or by logging into myHealthSpring.com.

If you get a prescription automatically by mail that you don't want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and don't want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, contact us by calling 1-877-860-0982 or logging into myHealthSpring.com.

If you never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It's important that to respond each time you're contacted by the pharmacy to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, contact us by calling 1-877-860-0982 or logging into myHealthSpring.com.

Refills on mail-order prescriptions. For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough medication or your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, contact your pharmacy 15 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

To opt out of our program contact us by calling 1-877-860-0982 (TTY 711) or by logging in to myHealthSpring.com.

If you get a refill automatically by mail that you don't want, you may be eligible for a refund.

Section 2.3 How to get a long-term supply of drugs

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. Our plan offers 2 ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs at a lower cost-sharing amount. Other retail pharmacies may not agree to the lower cost-sharing amounts. In this case you'll be responsible for the difference in price. Your *Pharmacy Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information.
2. You can also get maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Go to Section 2.2 for more information.

Section 2.4 Using a pharmacy that's not in our plan's network

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. **Check first with Customer Service** to see if there's a network pharmacy nearby.

We cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only in these circumstances:

- You travel outside the plan's service area and run out of or lose covered Part D drugs or become ill and need a covered Part D drug and cannot access a network pharmacy.
- You are unable to obtain a covered Part D drug in a timely manner within the service area because, for example, there is no network pharmacy within a reasonable driving distance that provides 24/7 service.
- You are filling a prescription for a covered Part D drug and that particular drug is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or mail order pharmacy.
- The Part D drugs are dispensed by an out-of-network institution-based pharmacy while in an emergency facility, provider-based clinic, outpatient surgery, or other outpatient setting.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you'll generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Go to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information on how to ask our plan to pay you back.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on our plan's Drug List

Section 3.1 The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs* (formulary). In this *Evidence of Coverage*, **we call it the Drug List**.

The drugs on this list are selected by our plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare. The Drug List only shows drugs covered under Medicare Part D.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and use of the drug is for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the FDA for the diagnosis or condition for which it's prescribed, or
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

Certain drugs may be covered for some medical conditions but are considered non-formulary for other medical conditions. These drugs will be identified on our Drug List and on www.Medicare.gov, along with the specific medical conditions that they cover.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On the Drug List, when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Biological products have alternatives called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name drug or original biological product and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

Go to Chapter 12 for definitions of types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

Drugs that aren't on the Drug List

Our plan doesn't cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law doesn't allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs. (For more information, go to Section 7.)
- In other cases, we decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List.
- In some cases, you may be able to get a drug that's not on the Drug List. (For more information, go to Chapter 9.)

Section 3.2 Four cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of four cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 - Generic Drugs: This tier includes many commonly prescribed generic drugs and may include other low-cost drugs.

Tier 2 - Preferred Brand Drugs: This tier includes preferred brand-name drugs as well as some generic drugs. Keep in mind that the tier name "Preferred Brand Drugs" is just a description of most of the drugs in the tier. It does not mean that there are only brand-name drugs in this tier.

Tier 3 - Non-Preferred Drugs: This tier includes higher-priced brand name drugs and generic drugs not in a preferred tier. There may be lower-cost alternatives for you. Ask your doctor about switching to a covered drug on a lower tier.

Tier 4 - Specialty Tier Drugs: This tier includes high-cost drugs. And are typically the most expensive drugs on the drug list.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in our plan's Drug List. The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

Section 3.3 How to find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List

To find out if a drug is on our Drug List, you have these options:

- Check the most recent Drug List posted online. (The Drug List includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. We cover additional drugs that aren't included in the Drug List. If one of your drugs isn't listed, visit our website or call Customer Service to find out if we cover it.)
- Visit our plan's website (www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on our plan's Drug List or ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA) to search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you'll pay and see if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition. You can also call Customer Service.

SECTION 4 Drugs with restrictions on coverage

Section 4.1 Why some drugs have restrictions

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when our plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective ways. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List.

If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, our plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for example, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus 2 per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2 Types of restrictions

If there's a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider have to take extra steps for us to cover the drug. Call Customer Service to learn what you or your provider can do to get coverage for the drug. **If you want us to waive the restriction for**

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

you, you need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you (go to Chapter 9).

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from our plan based on specific criteria before we agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you don't get this approval, your drug might not be covered by our plan. Our plan's prior authorization criteria can be obtained by calling Customer Service or on our website www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before our plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, our plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A doesn't work for you, our plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**. Our plan's step therapy criteria can be obtained by calling Customer Service or on our website www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA.

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it's normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

SECTION 5 What you can do if one of your drugs isn't covered the way you'd like

There are situations where a prescription drug you take, or that you and your provider think you should take, isn't on our Drug List or has restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or a generic version of the drug may be covered but the brand name version you want to take isn't covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage.
- The drug is covered, but in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.1 to learn what you can do.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If your drug isn't on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options for what you can do:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can ask for an **exception** and ask our plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, our plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug you're already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you take **must no longer be on our plan's Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.**

- **If you're a new member**, we'll cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of your membership in our plan.
- **If you were in our plan last year**, we'll cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30-days. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we'll allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Note that a long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- **For members who've been in our plan for more than 90 days and live in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:** We'll cover one 31-day supply emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
- In order to accommodate unexpected transitions of members without time for advanced planning, such as level-of-care changes due to discharge from a hospital to a nursing facility or to a home, we will cover a temporary 30-day supply.

For questions about a temporary supply, call Customer Service.

During the time when you're using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have 2 options:

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

Option 1. You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether a different drug covered by our plan may work just as well for you. Call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

Option 2. You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask our plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you'd like it covered. If your provider says you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you ask for an exception. For example, you can ask our plan to cover a drug even though it is not on our plan's Drug List. Or you can ask our plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you're a current member and a drug you take will be removed from the formulary or restricted in some way for next year, we'll tell you about any change before the new year. You can ask for an exception before next year and we'll give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we'll authorize coverage for the drug before the change takes effect.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.4 to learn what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Section 5.1 What to do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask our plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you ask for an exception to the rule.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.4 for what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Tier 4 (Specialty Tier) are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

SECTION 6 Our Drug List can change during the year

Most changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, our plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, our plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List**
- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier**
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug**
- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.**
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change our plan's Drug List.

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. Sometimes you'll get direct notice if changes are made to a drug you take.

Changes to drug coverage that affect you during this plan year

- **Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.**
 - When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move the like drug to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

- We'll make these immediate changes only if we add a new generic version of a brand name or add certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you take the drug that we remove or make changes to. If you take the like drug at the time we make the change, we'll tell you about any specific change we made.
- **Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List**
 - When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The version of the drug that we add will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
 - We'll make these changes only if we add a new generic version of a brand name drug or add certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
 - We'll tell you at least 30 days before we make the change or tell you about the change and cover a 30-day fill of the version of the drug you're taking.
- **Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market.**
 - Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you take that drug, we'll tell you after we make the change.
- **Making other changes to drugs on the Drug List.**
 - We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
 - We'll tell you at least 30 days before we make these changes or tell you about the change and cover an additional 30-day fill of the drug you're taking.

If we make any of these changes to any of the drugs you take, talk with your prescriber about the options that would work best for you, including changing to a different drug to treat your condition, or asking for a coverage decision to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you're taking. You or your prescriber can ask us for an exception to continue covering the drug or version of the drug you've been taking. For more information on how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception, go to Chapter 9.

Changes to the Drug List that don't affect you during this plan year

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that aren't described above. In these cases, the change won't apply to you if you're taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that won't affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you take (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We won't tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You'll need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to drugs you take that will impact you during the next plan year.

SECTION 7 Types of drugs we don't cover

Some kinds of prescription drugs are *excluded*. This means Medicare doesn't pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage). If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we'll pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.)

Here are 3 general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans won't cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage can't cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan can't cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan can't cover *off-label* use of a drug when the use isn't supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. *Off-label* use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the FDA.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs aren't covered by Medicare drug plans: (Our plan may offer coverage of certain drugs listed below through our enhanced drug coverage, refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for additional information.)

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer requires associated tests or monitoring services be purchased only from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

We may offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs (enhanced drug coverage) not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan. The amount you pay for these drugs doesn't count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 6.)

If you **get Extra Help from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, Extra Help won't pay for drugs that aren't normally covered. (Go to our plan's Drug List or call Customer Service for more information. If you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. Refer to Appendix C.

SECTION 8 How to fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, provide our plan membership information (which can be found on your membership card) at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill our plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

If you don't have our plan membership information with you, you or the pharmacy can call our plan to get the information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up our plan enrollment information.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. Go to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask our plan for reimbursement.

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1 In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by our plan

If you're admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by our plan, we'll generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, our plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all our rules for coverage described in this chapter.

Section 9.2 As a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all its residents. If you're a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it's part of our network.

Check your *Pharmacy Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or help, call Customer Service. If you're in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you're able to routinely get your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

If you're a resident in an LTC facility and need a drug that's not on our Drug List or restricted in some way, go to Section 5 for information about getting a temporary or emergency supply.

Section 9.3 If you also have drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan

If you have other drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, contact **that group's benefits administrator**. They can help you understand how your current drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage. That means your group coverage pays first.

Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells you if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that our plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard drug coverage.

Keep any notices about creditable coverage because you may need these notices later to show that you maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a creditable coverage notice, ask for a copy from the employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

Section 9.4 If you're in Medicare-certified hospice

Hospice and our plan don't cover the same drug at the same time. If you're enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that aren't covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must get notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in getting these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

We conduct drug use reviews to help make sure our members get safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems like:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you take another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you're allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you take
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we'll work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.1 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we'll cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you get these medications or how much you can get, we'll send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we'll limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You'll have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we'll send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we'll review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request about the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we'll automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. Go to Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You won't be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you're getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.2 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help them use opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will get information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we'll automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, notify us and we'll withdraw you. For questions about this program, call Customer Service.

CHAPTER 6:

What you pay for Part D drugs

SECTION 1 What you pay for Part D drugs

If you're in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, call Customer Service and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

We use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. Not all drugs are Part D drugs. Some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law. Some excluded drugs may be covered by our plan if you purchased supplemental drug coverage.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 explains these rules. When you use our plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA), the cost you see shows an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you're expected to pay. You can also get information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling Customer Service.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are 3 different types of out-of-pocket costs for covered Part D drugs that you may be asked to pay:

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan starts to pay our share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.
- **Coinsurance** is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

Section 1.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what doesn't count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for covered Part D drugs, and you followed the rules for drug coverage explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you're in the following drug payment stages:
 - The Deductible Stage
 - The Initial Coverage Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare drug plan before you joined our plan
- Any payments for your drugs made by family or friends
- Any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs), and most charities

Moving to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$2,100 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

These payments aren't included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **don't include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly plan premium
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories
- Drugs that aren't covered by our plan
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that don't meet our plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage
- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare
- Payments for your drugs made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veterans Health Administration (VA)
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation)
- Payments made by drug manufacturers under the Manufacturer Discount Program

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

Reminder: If any other organization like the ones listed above pays part or all your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you're required to tell our plan by calling Customer Service.

Tracking your out-of-pocket total costs

- The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) you get includes the current total of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$2,100, the *Part D EOB* will tell you that you left the Initial Coverage Stage and moved to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Go to Section 3.1 to learn what you can do to help make sure our records of what you spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 2 Drug payment stages for HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) members

There are **3 drug payment stages** for your drug coverage under HealthSpring True Choice (PPO). How much you pay for each prescription depends on what stage you're in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of each stage are explained in this chapter. The stages are:

- **Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage**
- **Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage**
- **Stage 3: Catastrophic Coverage Stage**

SECTION 3 Your *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) explains which payment stage you're in

Our plan keeps track of your prescription drug costs and the payments you make when you get prescriptions at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you move from one drug payment stage to the next. We track 2 types of costs:

- **Out-of-Pocket Costs:** this is how much you paid. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).

- **Total Drug Costs:** this is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what our plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you filled one or more prescriptions through our plan during the previous month, we'll send you a *Part D EOB*. The *Part D EOB* includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives payment details about prescriptions you filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what our plan paid, and what you and others paid on your behalf.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This displays the total drug price, and information about changes in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions.** This shows information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

Section 3.1 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here's how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled.** This helps make sure we know about the prescriptions you fill and what you pay.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we won't automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. **Examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:**
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or use a discount card that's not part of our plan's benefit.
 - When you pay a copayment for drugs provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
 - Any time you buy covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or pay the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

- If you're billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2.
- **Send us information about the payments others make for you.** Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- **Check the written report we send you.** When you get a *Part D EOB*, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have questions, call Customer Service. Be sure to keep these reports.

SECTION 4 The Deductible Stage

If there is a deductible for your plan, you will begin in this stage when you fill your first covered Part D prescription of the year. You will pay the full cost of your drugs until you reach the deductible amount. Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* to see if your plan has a deductible. If your plan does not have a deductible, you will begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. Go to Section 5 for information about your coverage in the Initial Coverage Stage.

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. This stage begins when you fill your first prescription for the year. When you're in this payment stage, **you must pay the full cost of your drugs** until you reach our plan's deductible amount. The deductible doesn't apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus, and travel vaccines. **You must pay the full cost of your drugs** until you reach your plan's deductible amount. The **full cost** is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug since our plan negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies. The full cost cannot exceed the maximum fair price plus dispensing fees for drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program.

Once you pay the deductible for your drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 The Initial Coverage Stage

Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, our plan pays its share of the cost of your covered drugs, and you pay your share (refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for the cost-share). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

Our plan has four cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of four cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1- Generic Drugs: This tier includes many commonly prescribed generic drugs and may include other low-cost drugs.

Tier 2 – Preferred Brand Drugs: This tier includes preferred brand-name drugs as well as some generic drugs. Keep in mind that the tier name “Preferred Brand Drugs” is just a description of most of the drugs in the tier. It does not mean that there are only brand-name drugs in this tier.

Tier 3 – Non-Preferred Drugs: This tier includes higher-priced brand name drugs and generic drugs not in a preferred tier. There may be lower-cost alternatives for you. Ask your doctor about switching to a covered drug on a lower tier.

Tier 4 – Specialty Tier Drugs: This tier includes high-cost drugs. And are typically the most expensive drugs on the drug list.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in our plan's Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy
- A pharmacy that isn't in our plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we'll cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy
- Our plan's mail-order pharmacy

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, go to Chapter 5 and our plan's *Pharmacy Directory* www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA.

Section 5.2 Your costs for a *one-month* supply of a covered drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance. As shown in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Refer to the Evidence of Coverage Snapshot to find your costs for a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D drug

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Go to Section 8 of this chapter for more information on cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you're trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply if this will help you better plan refill dates.

If you get less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you won't have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you're responsible for coinsurance, you pay a *percentage* of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.
- If you're responsible for a copayment for the drug, you only pay for the number of days of the drug that you get instead of a whole month. We calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

Section 5.4 Your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day) supply of a covered Part D drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day) supply of a covered Part D drug

You won't pay more \$70 for up to a 2-month supply or \$105 for up to a 3-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your out-of-pocket costs for the year reach \$2,100

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$2,100. You then move to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

We may offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that aren't normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs won't count toward your total out-of-pocket costs. Refer to your *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* to see if your plan has additional prescription drug coverage.

The *Part D EOB* you get will help you keep track of how much you, our plan, and any third parties, have spent on your behalf for your drugs during the year. Not all members will reach the \$2,100 out-of-pocket limit in a year.

We'll let you know if you reach this amount. Go to Section 1.3 for more information on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

SECTION 6 The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

In the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you pay nothing for covered Part D drugs. You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs reach the \$2,100 limit for the calendar year. Once you're in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you'll stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

- During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.
- For excluded drugs covered under our enhanced benefit, you pay the cost-share for the tier that drug is in.

SECTION 7 Additional benefits information

Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for any additional benefits that may be covered by your plan.

SECTION 8 What you pay for Part D vaccines

Important message about what you pay for vaccines – Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Part B. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in our plan’s Drug List. Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you even if you haven’t paid your deductible. Refer to our plan’s Drug List or call Customer Service for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are 2 parts to our coverage of Part D vaccines:

- The first part is the cost of **the vaccine itself**.
- The second part is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccine depend on 3 things:

- 1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).**
 - Most adult Part D vaccines are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine.**
 - The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor’s office.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.**
 - A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Or a provider may give it in the doctor’s office.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccine can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you're in.

- When you get a vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you'll be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times when you get a vaccine, you pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing.

Below are 3 examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

Situation 1: You get the Part D vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states don't allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing.
- For other Part D vaccines, you pay the pharmacy your cost-share for the vaccine itself, which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccine at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the amount you paid less any cost-share for the vaccine (including administration) (If you get Extra Help, we'll reimburse you for this difference.)

Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy and take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
- For other Part D vaccines, you pay the pharmacy your cost-share for the vaccine itself.

Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance for the vaccine administration.

CHAPTER 7:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1 Situations when you should ask us to pay our share for covered services or drugs

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may pay more than you expected under the coverage rules of our plan, or you may get a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (reimburse you). It's your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Go to Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you got or for more than your share of cost sharing. First, try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that doesn't work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We'll look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we'll pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we'll notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

1. When you got medical care from a provider who's not in our plan's network

When you got care from a provider who isn't part of our network, you're only responsible for paying your share of the cost. (Your share of the cost may be higher for an out-of-network provider than for a network provider.) Ask the provider to bill our plan for our share of the cost.

- Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. You're only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you made.

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs

- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment you think you don't owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we'll pay the provider directly.
 - If you already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we'll determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.
- While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we can't pay a provider who isn't eligible to participate in Medicare. If the provider isn't eligible to participate in Medicare, you'll be responsible for the full cost of the services you get.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you shouldn't pay

Network providers should always bill our plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We don't allow providers to add additional separate charges, called balance billing. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We'll contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you already paid a bill to a network provider, but feel you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in our plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out of pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to fill a prescription

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn about these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount we'd pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have our plan membership card with you

If you don't have our plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call our plan or look up our plan enrollment information. If the pharmacy can't get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find the drug isn't covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on our plan's Drug List, or it could have a requirement or restriction you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we'll review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a **coverage decision**. If we decide it should be covered, we'll pay for our share of the cost for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got

You can ask us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within 12 months** of the date you got the service, item, or drug.

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs

To make sure you're giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it'll help us process the information faster.
- Download a copy of the form from our website (www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA) or call Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us:

For Part C (Medical Services) Claims

HealthSpring
Attn: Direct Member Reimbursement, Medical Claims
PO Box 1004
Nashville, TN 37202

For Part D (Prescription Drugs) Claims

HealthSpring
Attn: DMR-Medicare Part D
PO Box 14718
Lexington, KY 40512-4718

You must submit your claim to us within 12 months for medical services or items or 3 years for prescription drugs of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions.

If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3 We'll consider your request for payment and say yes or no

When we get your request for payment, we'll let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we'll consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll pay for our share of the cost. Our share of the cost might not be the full amount you paid (for example, if you got a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). If you already paid for the service or drug, we'll mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you

Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs

haven't paid for the service or drug yet, we'll mail the payment directly to the provider.

- If we decide the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't pay for our share of the cost. We'll send you a letter explaining the reasons why we aren't sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

Section 3.1 If we tell you that we won't pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we're paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9.

CHAPTER 8:

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, braille, large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how our plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but aren't limited to, provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in languages other than English and braille, and large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We're required to give you information about our plan's benefits in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, call Customer Service.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in our plan's network for a specialty aren't available, it's our plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you'll only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in our plan's network that cover a service you need, call our plan for information on where to go to get this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialist or finding a network specialist, call to file a grievance using the contact information in Chapter 2. You can also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.2 We must ensure you get timely access to covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a provider in our plan's network. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral and still pay the in-network cost-sharing amount.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think you aren't getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information. *Plans are permitted to include the Notice of Privacy Practices as required under the HIPAA Privacy Rule (45 C.F.R. § 164.520).*

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we're required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.*
- There are certain exceptions that don't require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We're required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you're a member of our plan through Medicare, we're required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it's been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at our plan, and to get a copy of your records. We're allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we'll work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, call Customer Service.

Section 1.4 We must give you information about our plan, our network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, call Customer Service:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about our plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D drug coverage.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug isn't covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.5 You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they're covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. If you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what's to be done if you can't make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you're in this situation. This means *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

Legal documents you can use to give directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. Documents like a **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

How to set up an advance directive to give instructions:

- **Get a form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, a social worker, or some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also call Customer Service to ask for the forms.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** No matter where you get this form, it's a legal document. Consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies of the form to the right people.** Give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you're going to be hospitalized, and you signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask whether you signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you didn't sign an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Filling out an advance directive is your choice (including whether you want to sign one if you're in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you signed an advance directive.

If your instructions aren't followed

If you sign an advance directive and you believe that a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can file a complaint with a state-specific agency such as a State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) or Quality Improvement Organization (QIO). Please refer to Appendix A and Appendix B in the back of this booklet to find contact information for the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) or Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) in your state.

Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider decisions we made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to ask for coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 9 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do—ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint—**we're required to treat you fairly.**

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

Section 1.7 If you believe you're being treated unfairly, or your rights aren't being respected

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY users call 1-800-537-7697), or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you're having from these places:

- **Call Customer Service**
- **Call your local SHIP**
- **Call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048)

Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

Get more information about your rights from these places:

- **Call Customer Service**
- **Call your local SHIP**
- **Contact Medicare**
 - Visit www.Medicare.gov to read the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections* (available at: ([Medicare Rights & Protections](#)))
 - Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048)

SECTION 2 Your responsibilities as a member of our plan

Things you need to do as a member of our plan are listed below. For questions, call Customer Service.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what's covered and the rules you need to follow to get covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give details about medical services.
 - Chapters 5 and 6 give details about Part D drug coverage.

Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

- **If you have any other health coverage or drug coverage in addition to our plan, you're required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you're enrolled in our plan.** Show our plan membership card whenever you get medical care or Part D drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions you and your doctors agree on.
 - Make sure your doctors know all the drugs you're taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
 - You must pay our plan premiums.
 - You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premiums to stay a member of our plan.
 - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by our plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.
 - If you're required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your drug coverage.
 - If you're required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to stay a member of our plan.
- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* our plan service area, you can't stay a member of our plan.**
- **If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).**

CHAPTER 9:

If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains 2 types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints** (also called grievances).

Both processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The information in this chapter will help you identify the right process to use and what to do.

Section 1.1 Legal terms

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people. To make things easier, this chapter uses more familiar words in place of some legal terms.

However, it's sometimes important to know the correct legal terms. To help you know which terms to use to get the right help or information, we include these legal terms when we give details for handling specific situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized help

We're always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we're obligated to honor your right to complain. You should always call Customer Service for help. In some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who isn't connected with us. Two organizations that can help are:

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you're having. They can also answer questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. Refer to Appendix A for contact information.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare for help:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048
- Visit www.Medicare.gov

SECTION 3 Which process to use for your problem

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B drugs) are covered or not, the way they're covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go to **Section 4, A guide to coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Go to **Section 10, How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

Coverage decisions and appeals

SECTION 4 A guide to coverage decisions and appeals

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions before you get services

If you want to know if we'll cover medical care before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your medical care. For example, if our plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either you or your network doctor can show that you got a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we'll cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think you need.

In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what's covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care isn't covered or is no longer covered for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after you get a benefit, and you aren't satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we made. Under certain circumstances, you can ask for an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we properly followed the rules. When we complete the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization not connected to us.

- You don't need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we don't fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- Go to **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.
- Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 6.

If you aren't satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.1 Get help asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **Call Customer Service**
- **Get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they need to be appointed as your representative. Call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available at www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)
 - For medical care or Part B drugs, your doctor can ask for a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- For Part D drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can ask for a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied, your doctor or prescriber can ask for a Level 2 appeal.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** You can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative form*. (The form is also available at www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf. This form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person you want to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
 - We can accept an appeal request from a representative without the form, but we can't complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we'll send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You can contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you aren't required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.2 Rules and deadlines for different situations

There are 4 different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give the details for each of these situations in this chapter:

- **Section 5:** Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6:** Part D drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 7:** How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon
- **Section 8:** How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services:* home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which information applies to you, call Customer Service. You can also get help or information from your SHIP.

SECTION 5 Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 5.1 What to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

Your benefits for medical care are described in Chapter 4 in the Medical Benefits Chart. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B drug. In those cases, we'll explain how the rules for Part B drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you're in any of the 5 following situations:

1. You aren't getting certain medical care you want, and you believe this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan won't approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You got medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, but we said we won't pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You got and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You're told that coverage for certain medical care you've been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, go to Sections 7 and 8. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2 How to ask for a coverage decision**Legal Terms:**

A coverage decision that involves your medical care is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 7 calendar days when the medical item or service is subject to our prior authorization rules, 14 calendar days for all other medical items and services, or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet 2 requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services you already got).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to regain function.

If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.

If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we'll decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we don't approve a fast coverage decision, we'll send you a letter that:

- Explains that we'll use the standard deadlines.
- Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you asked for.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we'll give you an answer within 7 calendar days after we get your request for a medical item or service that is subject to our prior authorization rules. If your requested medical item or service is not subject to our prior authorization rules, we'll give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we *shouldn't* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. We'll give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 10 for information on complaints.)

For fast coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe.

A fast coverage decision means we'll answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we *shouldn't* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. (Go to Section 10 for information on complaints.) We'll call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you're going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3 How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms:

An appeal to our plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you're appealing a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we'll give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal

- **If you're asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you're asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for asking for an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

Step 3: We consider your appeal, and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We'll gather more information if needed and may contact you or your doctor.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Part B drug.
 - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we're required to automatically send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it gets your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug you didn't get yet, we'll give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal. We'll give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
 - If you believe we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we'll give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (Go to Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
 - If we don't give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we'll send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Part B drug.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we'll automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 5.4 The Level 2 appeal process**Legal Term:**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It's sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We'll send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all the information about your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- For the fast appeal, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it gets your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- For the standard appeal, if your request is for a medical item or service, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it gets your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it gets your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to**

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you its answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service,** we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we get the decision from the independent review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests**, we have **72 hours** from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Part B drug,** we must authorize or provide the Part B drug within **72 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care shouldn't be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter that:
 - Explains the decision.
 - Lets you know about your right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
 - Tells you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 If you're asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you got for medical care

Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you're asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we'll check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We'll also check to see if you followed the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed the rules, we'll send you the payment for our share of the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we get your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we'll send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't send payment. Instead, we'll send you a letter that says we won't pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you don't agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we get your appeal. If you're asking us to pay you back for medical care you already got and paid for, you aren't allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you asked for to you or the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 Part D drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 6.1 What to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (Go to Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs, go to Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say *drug* in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or formulary.

- If you don't know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require you to get approval from us before we'll cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Legal Term:

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you're in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that's not on our plan's Drug List. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on our plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get, prior authorization criteria, or the requirement to try another drug first). **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4**
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. **Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4**

If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

Section 6.2 Asking for an exception

Legal Terms:

Asking for coverage of a drug that's not on the Drug List is a **formulary exception**.

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is a **formulary exception**.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is a **tiering exception**.

If a drug isn't covered in the way you'd like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are 3 examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug that's not on our Drug List.** If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you'll need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 3. You can't ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our Drug List is in one of four cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
 - If our Drug List contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
 - If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing amount. This would be the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.
 - If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You can't ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in tier 4.
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there's more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you usually pay the lowest amount.

Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions**Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons**

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons you're asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our Drug List typically includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you're requesting and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally *won't* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we generally *won't* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of our plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

Section 6.4 How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception**Legal term:**

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited coverage determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Standard coverage decisions are made within **72 hours** after we get your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we get your doctor's statement.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet 2 requirements:

- You must be asking for a drug you didn't get yet. (You can't ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we'll decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we don't approve a fast coverage decision, we'll send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we'll use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you asked for. We'll answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

Step 2: Ask for a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to ask us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form*, which is available on our website www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA. Chapter 2 has contact information. To help us process your request, include your name, contact information, and information that shows which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor, (or other prescriber) or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

- **If you're asking for an exception, provide the supporting statement**, which is the medical reason for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer **within 24 hours** after we get your request.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- For exceptions, we'll give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must provide the coverage we agreed to within 24 hours after we get your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get yet

- We must generally give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we get your request.
 - For exceptions, we'll give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it'll be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must **provide the coverage** we agreed to **within 72 hours** after we get your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we get your request.
 - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we're also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you're going to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 6.5 How to make a Level 1 appeal**Legal Terms:**

An appeal to our plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a **plan redetermination**.

A fast appeal is called an **expedited redetermination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

- If you're appealing a decision we made about a drug you didn't get yet, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

Step 2: You, your representative, doctor or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.

- **For standard appeals, submit a written request.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **For fast appeals, either submit your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Redetermination Request Form*, which is available on our website www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA. Include your name, contact information, and information about your claim to help us process your request.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.** You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must provide the coverage we agreed to within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you didn't get yet

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal. We'll give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than **7 calendar days** after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you already bought

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we get your request.
 - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we're also required to make payment to you within **30 calendar days** after we get your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 6.6 How to make a Level 2 appeal**Legal Term**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal** with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the independent review organization.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice.
- If we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe or make an unfavorable decision regarding an **at-risk** determination under our drug management program, we'll automatically forward your request to the IRE.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- We'll send the information about your appeal to the independent review organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all the information about your appeal.

Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** after it gets your appeal request.

Deadlines for standard appeal

- For standard appeals, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it gets your appeal if it is for a drug you didn't get yet. If you're asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 14 calendar days** after it gets your request.

Step 3: The independent review organization gives you its answer.***For fast appeals:***

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the independent review organization **within 24 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization.

For standard appeals:

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage,** we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the independent review organization **within 72 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back** for a drug you already bought, we're required to **send payment to you**

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

within 30 calendar days after we get the decision from the independent review organization.

What if the independent review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no **to part or all of** your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It's also called **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter that:

- Explains the decision.
- Lets you know about your right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you're asking for meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you're asking for is too low, you can't make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Tells you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all covered hospital services necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will work with you to prepare for the day you leave the hospital. They'll help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

Section 7.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you'll get a written notice from Medicare that tells you about your rights

Within 2 calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you'll be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you don't get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date, so we'll cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You'll be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you got the information about your rights. The notice doesn't give your discharge date. Signing the notice **doesn't mean** you're agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice so you have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than 2 calendar days before your discharge date, you'll get another copy before you're scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, call Customer Service or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can also get notice online at www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im.

Section 7.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

To ask us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help, call Customer Service. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Appendix A.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you. The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts aren't part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you got (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
 - **If you meet this deadline,** you can stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - **If you don't meet this deadline, contact us.** If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all the costs* for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.
- Once you ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we're contacted,

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

we'll give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. Or you can get a sample notice online at www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that we and the hospital gave them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you'll get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.***What happens if the answer is yes?***

- If the independent review organization says **yes**, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary**.
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the independent review organization says *no*, they're saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the independent review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you're going to *Level 2* of the appeals process.

Section 7.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at its decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information about your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you its decision.***If the independent review organization says yes:***

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you got since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the independent review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going to Level 3.

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

When you're getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it's time to stop covering any of these 3 types of care for you, we're required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we'll stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.1 We'll tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending**Legal Term:**

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can ask for a **fast-track appeal**. Asking for a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to ask for a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

1. **You get a notice in writing** at least 2 calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we'll stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a fast-track appeal to ask us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
2. **You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got it.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you got the

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it doesn't mean you agree** with our plan's decision to stop care.

Section 8.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you'll need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help, call Customer Service. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Appendix A.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate. The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts aren't part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you got (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the *Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*.
- If you miss the deadline, and you want to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact the Quality Improvement Organization using the contact information on the *Notice of Medicare Non-coverage*. The name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state may also be found in Chapter 2.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**Legal Term:**

Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that gives details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.
- The independent review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information our plan gives them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you'll get the *Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage* from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you its decision.***What happens if the reviewers say yes?***

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered service for as long as it's medically necessary.**
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we told you.**
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, **you'll have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 8.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information about your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you its decision.***What happens if the independent review organization says yes?***

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the independent review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process. It will give you details about how to go to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 4: If the answer is no, you'll need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are 3 additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of 5 levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Levels 3, 4, and 5

Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you can't appeal any further. The written response you get to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last 3 levels of appeal work in much the same way as the first 2 levels. Here's who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal

An **Administrative Law Judge** or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you. If we decide to appeal it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after we get the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you don't want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may or may not be over*.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We'll decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may or may not be over*.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you don't want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you can't appeal any further. The written response you get to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

For most situations that involve appeals, the last 3 levels of appeal work in much the same way as the first 2 levels. Here's who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal

An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we get the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not be over*.**
 - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you don't want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we get the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not be over*.**
 - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you don't want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 appeal

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all the information and decide *yes or no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Making complaints

SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you got (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with our Customer Service? Do you feel you're being encouraged to leave our plan?
Waiting times	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at our plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.
Cleanliness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Did we fail to give you a required notice? Is our written information hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>If you asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think we aren't responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we said no; you can make a complaint.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Complaint	Example
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You believe we aren't meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. You believe we aren't meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint. You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

Section 10.2 How to make a complaint**Legal Terms:**

A **complaint** is also called a **grievance**.

Making a complaint is called **filing a grievance**.

Using the process for complaints is called **using the process for filing a grievance**.

A **fast complaint** is called an **expedited grievance**.

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- **Calling Customer Service is usually the first step.** If there's anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know.
- **If you don't want to call (or you called and weren't satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to your complaint in writing.
- Submit your **written complaint** to the following address: HealthSpring, Attn: Medicare Grievance Dept., PO Box 188080, Chattanooga, TN 37422. For standard grievances received in writing, we will respond to you in writing within 30 calendar days of receipt of your written grievance. For expedited grievances, we must decide and notify you within 24 hours (see "fast complaint" below).
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we'll answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.

Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we'll tell you in writing.
- **If you're making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we'll automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we'll give you **an answer within 24 hours**.
- **If we don't agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you're complaining about, we'll include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 10.3 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you have 2 extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

Section 10.4 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about HealthSpring True Choice (*PPO*) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 10:

Ending membership in our plan

SECTION 1 Ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you decide you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 give information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we're required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you're leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs, and you'll continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Open Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **Open Enrollment Period** each year. During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The Open Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without drug coverage,
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare drug plan, or
 - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare drug plan.
 - If you choose this option and receive Extra Help, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you opt out of automatic enrollment.

Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Your membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage starts on January 1.
- If you decide to **change to a new plan**, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan with or without drug coverage,
 - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare drug plan, or
 - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare drug plan.
 - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you opt out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Your membership will usually end** on the first day of the month after we get your request to change our plan.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You can make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** each year.

- **The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.
- **During the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and get coverage through Original Medicare. If you switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare drug plan at the same time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan, or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will start the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples. For the full list you can contact our plan, call Medicare, or visit www.Medicare.gov.

- Usually, when you move
- If you have Medicaid
- If you're eligible for Extra Help paying for Medicare drug coverage
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you're getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)
- **Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

Enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you're eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you're eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without drug coverage,
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare drug plan, or
- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we get your request to change our plan.

If you get Extra Help from Medicare to pay your drug coverage costs: If you switch to Original Medicare and don't enroll in a separate Medicare drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you opt out of automatic enrollment.

Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

Section 2.4 Get more information about when you can end your membership

If you have questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Customer Service**
- Find the information in the **Medicare & You 2026** handbook
- Call **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048

SECTION 3 How to end your membership in our plan

The table below explains how you can end your membership in our plan. In all cases, contact your Plan Sponsor.

To switch from our plan to:	Here's what to do:
Another Medicare health plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. • You'll automatically be disenrolled from HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) when your new plan's coverage starts.
Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare drug plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in the new Medicare drug plan. • You'll automatically be disenrolled from HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) when your new drug plan's coverage starts.
Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare drug plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Send us a written request to disenroll. Call Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this. • You can also call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. • You'll be disenrolled from HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) when your coverage in Original Medicare starts.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage starts, you must continue to get your medical items, services and prescription drugs through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to get medical care.**
- **Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled**
- **If you're hospitalized on the day your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you're discharged** (even if you're discharged after your new health coverage starts).

SECTION 5 HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) must end our plan membership in certain situations

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) must end your membership in our plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B
- If you move out of our service area
- If you're away from our service area for more than 6 months
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Customer Service to find out if the place you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's area
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison)
- If you're no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage
- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

- If you're required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you don't pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you'll lose drug coverage.

If you have questions or want more information on when we can end your membership, call Customer Service.

Section 5.1 We can't ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) isn't allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel you're being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 5.2 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 11:

Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). In addition, other federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage Plans, like our plan, must obey federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at www.HHS.gov/ocr/index.html.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, call us at Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in

Chapter 11 Legal notices

subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any state laws.

CHAPTER 12: Definitions

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center doesn't exceed 24 hours.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already got. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you're getting.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than our plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of HealthSpring True Choice (PPO), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We don't allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing our plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. You must pay the inpatient hospital deductible for each benefit period. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Biological Product – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and can't be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (Go to "**Original Biological Product**" and "**Biosimilar**").

Biosimilar – A biological product that's very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription (go to "**Interchangeable Biosimilar**").

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,100 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, our plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You may have cost sharing for excluded drugs that are covered under our enhanced benefit.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan (C-SNP) - C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible people who have specific severe and chronic diseases.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – This is the most you'll pay in a year for all Part A and Part B services from both network (preferred) providers and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers. In addition to the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered Part A and Part B medical services, we also have a maximum out-of-pocket amount for certain types of services. Refer to the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot* for information about your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Complaint – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you get. It also includes complaints if our plan doesn't follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are gotten. (This is in addition to our plan's monthly plan premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following 3 types of payments: 1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; 2) any fixed copayment amount that a

Chapter 12 Definitions

plan requires when a specific service or drug is gotten; or 3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is gotten.

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of four cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by our plan and the amount, if any, you're required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under our plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to our plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called **coverage decisions** in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The term we use in this EOC to mean all the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you don't need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you're required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is

Chapter 12 Definitions

\$30, and a one-month's supply in our plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll people who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the person's eligibility.

Dually Eligible Individual – A person who is eligible for Medicare and Medicaid coverage.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that isn't on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also ask for an exception if our plan requires you to try

Chapter 12 Definitions

another drug before getting the drug you're asking for, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you're asking for (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the FDA as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance - A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice - A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. Our plan must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums, you're still a member of our plan. You can still get all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) –If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people won't pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you're first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the

Chapter 12 Definitions

month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

In-Network Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most you’ll pay for covered Part A and Part B services gotten from network (preferred) providers. After you have reached this limit, you won’t have to pay anything when you get covered services from network providers for the rest of the contract year. However, until you reach your combined out-of-pocket amount, you must continue to pay your share of the costs when you seek care from an out-of-network (non-preferred) provider. In addition to the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered medical services, we also have a maximum out-of-pocket amount for certain types of services.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (I-SNP) – I-SNPs restrict enrollment to MA eligible people who live in the community but need the level of care a facility offers, or who live (or are expected to live) for at least 90 days straight in certain long-term facilities. I-SNPs include the following types of plans: Institutional-equivalent SNPs (IE-SNPs) Hybrid Institutional SNPs (HI-SNPs), and Facility-based Institutional SNPs (FI-SNPs).

Institutional-Equivalent Special Needs Plan (IE-SNP) – An IE-SNP restricts enrollment to MA eligible people who live in the community but need the level of care a facility offers.

Interchangeable Biosimilar – A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements about the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (formulary or Drug List) – A list of prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – Go to Extra Help.

Manufacturer Discount Program – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of our plan’s full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the federal government and drug manufacturers.

Maximum Fair Price – The price Medicare negotiated for a selected drug.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the FDA or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or get coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after a person is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services doesn't include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in our plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Chapter 12 Definitions

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program – A Medicare Part D program for complex health needs provided to people who meet certain requirements or are in a Drug Management Program. MTM services usually include a discussion with a pharmacist or health care provider to review medications.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and aren't included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Open Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Original Biological Product – A biological product that has been approved by the FDA and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has 2 parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies aren't covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that aren't employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – Go to the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

Out-of-Pocket Threshold – The maximum amount you pay out of pocket for Part D drugs.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans get both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through our plan.

Part C – Go to Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly plan premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you're first eligible to join a Part D plan.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization Plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are gotten from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are gotten from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services gotten from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Preventive services – Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).

Primary Care Physician (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services and/or certain drugs based on specific criteria. In the network portion of a PPO, some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets prior authorization from our plan. In a PPO, you don't need prior authorization to get out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with our plan before getting services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by our plan and what your cost-sharing responsibility is. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the *Evidence of Coverage Snapshot*. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria are posted on our website.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but aren't limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of a drug for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

“Real-Time Benefit Tool” – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

Referral – A written order from your primary care doctor for you to visit a specialist or get certain medical services. Without a referral, our plan may not pay for services from a specialist.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include inpatient rehabilitation care, physical therapy (outpatient), speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Selected Drug – A drug covered under Part D for which Medicare negotiated a Maximum Fair Price.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Our plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of our plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plan or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you’re getting Extra Help with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Chapter 12 Definitions

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who live in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we'll cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that's not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you're temporarily outside our plan's service area, or it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

SHIP**AK**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program

CALL 1-907-269-3680 or 1-800-478-6065 or TTY 1-800-770-8973**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program, Alaska Dept. of Health, Division of Senior & Disabilities Services, 1835 Bragaw Street, Suite 350, Anchorage, AK 99508**WEBSITE** <https://health.alaska.gov/en/senior-and-disabilities-services/medicare-office/>**AL**

Alabama State Health Insurance Assistance Program

CALL 1-800-243-5463**WRITE** Alabama State Health Insurance Assistance Program, Alabama Department of Senior Services, RSA Tower, 201 Monroe Street, Suite 350, Montgomery, AL 36104**WEBSITE** <https://alabamaageline.gov/ship/>**AR**

Arkansas Senior Health Insurance Information Program (AR SHIIP)

CALL 1-800-224-6330**WRITE** Arkansas Senior Health Insurance Information Program (AR SHIIP), Arkansas Insurance Department, 1 Commerce Way, Little Rock, AR 72201**WEBSITE** <https://insurance.arkansas.gov/consumer-services/senior-health/>**AZ**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program

CALL 1-800-432-4040 or TTY 711**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program, Department of Economic Security, Division of Aging and Adult Services (DAAS), 1789 W. Jefferson Street, #6272, Phoenix, AZ 85007**WEBSITE** <https://des.az.gov/medicare-assistance>**CA**

Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP)

CALL 1-916-465-8104 or 1-800-434-0222 or TTY 1-800-735-2929**WRITE** Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP), California Health Advocates, 5380 Elvas Avenue, Suite 221, Sacramento, CA 95819**WEBSITE** <https://cahealthadvocates.org/hicap/>**CO**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program

CALL 1-888-696-7213 or TTY 1-303-894-7880**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program, Department of Regulatory Agencies, Colorado Division of Insurance, 1560 Broadway, Suite 850, Denver, CO 80202**WEBSITE** <https://doi.colorado.gov/insurance-products/health-insurance/senior-health-care-medicare>**CT**

CHOICES

CALL 1-860-424-5055 or 1-800-994-9422 or TTY 1-860-247-0775**WRITE** CHOICES, Department of Aging and Disability Services, Central Office, 55 Farmington Avenue, 12th Floor, Hartford, CT 06105**WEBSITE** <https://portal.ct.gov/ads-choices>**DC**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-202-727-8370 or TTY 711**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), 250 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20024**WEBSITE** <https://dacl.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling>

DE

Delaware Medicare Assistance Bureau (DMAB)

CALL 1-302-674-7364 or 1-800-336-9500

WRITE Delaware Medicare Assistance Bureau (DMAB), Delaware Department of Insurance, 841 Silver Lake Boulevard, Suite 100, Dover, DE 19904

WEBSITE <http://insurance.delaware.gov/divisions/dmab/>

FL

SHINE (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders)

CALL 1-800-963-5337 or TTY 1-800-955-8770

WRITE SHINE, Department of Elder Affairs, 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 270, Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000

WEBSITE <https://www.floridashine.org/>

GA

Georgia SHIP

CALL 1-866-552-4464 (Option 4) or TTY 1-404-657-1929

WRITE Georgia SHIP, Georgia Department of Human Services, Division of Aging Services, 47 Trinity Avenue SW, Atlanta, GA 30334

WEBSITE <https://aging.georgia.gov/georgia-ship>

HI

Hawaii SHIP

CALL 1-808-586-7299 or 1-888-875-9229 or TTY 1-866-810-4379

WRITE Hawaii SHIP, Executive Office on Aging, Hawaii State Department of Health, No. 1 Capitol District, 250 S. Hotel Street, Suite 406, Honolulu, HI 96813-2831

WEBSITE <https://www.hawaiiship.org/>

IA

Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)

CALL 1-800-351-4664 or TTY 1-800-735-2942

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP), Iowa Insurance Division, 1963 Bell Avenue, Suite 100, Des Moines, IA 50315

WEBSITE <https://shiip.iowa.gov/senior-health-insurance-information-program-shiip>

ID

Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)

CALL 1-800-247-4422

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA), Idaho Department of Insurance, 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0043

WEBSITE <https://doi.idaho.gov/SHIBA/>

IL

Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-252-8966 or TTY 711

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP), Illinois Department on Aging, One Natural Resources Way, Suite 100, Springfield, IL 62702-1271

WEBSITE <https://ilaging.illinois.gov/ship.html>

IN

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-452-4800 or TTY 1-866-846-0139

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Indiana Department of Insurance, 311 W. Washington Street, Suite 300, Indianapolis, IN 42604-2787

WEBSITE <https://www.in.gov/ship/>

KS

Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK)

CALL 1-800-860-5260 or TTY 1-785-291-3167

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK), Kansas Department for Aging and Disability Services, Central Office, 503 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, KS 66603-3404

WEBSITE <https://www.kdads.ks.gov/services-programs/aging/medicare-programs/senior-health-insurance-counseling-for-kansas-shick>

KY

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-502-564-6930 or 1-877-293-7447 (option 2) or TTY 1-800-648-6056**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Aging and Independent Living (DAIL), 275 East Main Street 3E-E, Frankfort, KY 40621**WEBSITE** <https://www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx>**LA**

Louisiana Senior Health Information Program (LaSHIP)

CALL 1-225-342-5301 or 1-800-259-5300**WRITE** Louisiana Senior Health Information Program (LaSHIP), Louisiana Department of Insurance, P.O. Box 94214, Baton Rouge, LA 70804**WEBSITE** <https://www.lda.la.gov/consumers/senior-health-shiip>**MA**

Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone (SHINE)

CALL 1-800-243-4636 or TTY 1-800-439-2370**WRITE** Serving the Health Insurance Needs of Everyone (SHINE), Executive Office of Elder Affairs, One Ashburton Place, 10th Floor, Boston, MA 02108**WEBSITE** <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/serving-the-health-insurance-needs-of-everyone-shine-program>**MD**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-410-767-1100 or 1-800-243-3425 or TTY 711**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Maryland Department of Aging, 301 West Preston Street, Suite 1007, Baltimore, MD 21201**WEBSITE** <https://aging.maryland.gov/Pages/state-health-insurance-program.aspx>**ME**

Maine State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-207-287-3707 or 1-877-353-3771 or TTY 711**WRITE** Maine State Health Insurance Program (SHIP), Department of Health and Human Services, 109 Capitol Street, 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333**WEBSITE** <https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oas/get-support/older-adults-disabilities/older-adult-services/ship-medicare-assistance>**MI**

Michigan Medicare Assistance Program (MMAP)

CALL 1-800-803-7174**WRITE** Michigan Medicare Assistance Program (MMAP), 6105 West St. Joseph Highway, Suite 204, Lansing, MI 48917**WEBSITE** <https://www.aaawm.org/MMAP>**MN**

Minnesota Senior LinkAge Line (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-333-2433 or TTY 1-800-627-3529**WRITE** Minnesota Senior LinkAge Line, Minnesota Board on Aging, P.O. Box 64976, St. Paul, MN 55164**WEBSITE** <https://mn.gov/board-on-aging/direct-services/senior-linkage-line/>**MO**

Missouri SHIP

CALL 1-800-390-3330**WRITE** Missouri SHIP, 601 West Nifong Boulevard, Suite 3A, Columbia, MO 65203**WEBSITE** <https://www.missouriship.org/>**MS**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-601-359-4500 or 1-844-822-4622**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Mississippi Department of Human Services, Division of Aging & Adult Services, 200 S. Lamar Street, Jackson, MS 39201**WEBSITE** <http://www.mdhs.ms.gov/aging/finding-services-for-older-adults>

MT

Montana State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-406-444-4077 or 1-800-551-3191

WRITE Montana State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Department of Public Health & Human Services, Senior and Long Term Care Division, PO Box 4210, Helena, MT 59604

WEBSITE <https://dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/ship>

NC

Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)

CALL 1-855-408-1212

WRITE Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP), NC Department of Insurance, 1201 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1201

WEBSITE <https://www.ncdoi.gov/consumers/medicare-and-seniors-health-insurance-information-program-shiip>

ND

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-701-328-2440 or 1-888-575-6611 or TTY 1-800-366-6888

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), North Dakota Insurance Department, 600 East Boulevard Avenue, Bismarck, ND 58505-0320

WEBSITE <https://www.insurance.nd.gov/consumers/medicare>

NE

Nebraska SHIP (State Health Insurance Assistance Program)

CALL 1-402-471-2201 or 1-800-234-7119 or TTY 1-800-833-7352

WRITE Nebraska SHIP, Nebraska Department of Insurance, P.O. Box 95087, Lincoln, NE 68509-5087

WEBSITE <https://doi.nebraska.gov/nebraska-ship-smp>

NH

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-866-634-9412 or TTY 1-800-735-2964

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), ServiceLink Aging & Disability Resource Center, Bureau of Elderly & Adult Services, Division of Community Based Care Services, NH Department of Health & Human Services, 129 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 033

WEBSITE <https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/adult-aging-care/aging-and-disability-resource-centers/aging-disability-6>

NJ

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-792-8820

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Division of Aging Services, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715

WEBSITE <https://www.nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/q-z/ship/>

NM

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-432-2080 or TTY 1-505-476-4937

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Aging & Disability Resource Center (ADRC), New Mexico Aging & Long-Term Services Department, 2550 Cerrillos Road, Santa Fe, NM 87505

WEBSITE <https://aging.nm.gov/>

NV

Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP)

CALL 1-775-687-4210 or 1-800-307-4444

WRITE Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP), Nevada Aging and Disability Services Division, 1550 E. College Parkway, Carson City, NV 89706

WEBSITE [https://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/Medicare_Assistance_Program_\(MAP\)/MAP_Prog/](https://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/Medicare_Assistance_Program_(MAP)/MAP_Prog/)

NY

Health Insurance Information Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP)

CALL 1-800-701-0501

WRITE Health Insurance Information Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP), New York State Office for the Aging, 2 Empire State Plaza, 5th Floor, Albany, NY 12223-1251

WEBSITE <https://aging.ny.gov/health-insurance-information-counseling-and-assistance-program-hiicap>

OH

Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP)

CALL 1-800-686-1578 or TTY 1-614-644-3745

WRITE Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP), The Ohio Department of Insurance, 50 West Town Street, Suite 300, Columbus, OH 43215

WEBSITE <https://insurance.ohio.gov/consumers/medicare/01-oshiip>

OK

Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-405-521-2828 or 1-800-763-2828

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIP), Oklahoma Insurance Department, 400 NE 50th Street, Oklahoma City, OK 73105

WEBSITE <https://www.oid.ok.gov/consumers/information-for-seniors/senior-health-insurance-counseling-program-ship/>

OR

Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance Program (SHIBA)

CALL 1-800-722-4134 or TTY 711

WRITE Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance Program (SHIBA), Oregon Department of Human Services, 500 Summer Street NE E-15, Salem, OR 97301

WEBSITE https://shiba.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx?utm_source=shiba&utm_medium=egov_redirected&utm_campaign=https%3A%2F%2Fhealthcare.oregon.gov%2Fshiba%2F

PA

Pennsylvania Medicare Education and Decision Insight (PA MEDI)

CALL 1-800-783-7067

WRITE Pennsylvania Medicare Education and Decision Insight (PA MEDI), Pennsylvania Department of Aging, 555 Walnut Street, 5th Floor, Harrisburg, PA 17101-1919

WEBSITE <https://www.pa.gov/agencies/aging/aging-programs-and-services/pa-medi-medicare-counseling.html>

PR

Programa Estatal de Asistencia Sobre Seguros de Salud

CALL 1-787-721-6121 or 1-877-725-4300

WRITE Programa Estatal de Asistencia Sobre Seguros de Salud, Oficina del Procurador de las Personas de edad avanzada, P.O. Box 191179, San Juan, PR 00919-1179

WEBSITE <https://agencias.pr.gov/agencias/oppea/educacion/Pages/ship.aspx>

RI

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-401-462-3000 or 1-888-884-8721 or TTY 1-401-462-0740

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Rhode Island Office of Healthy Aging, 25 Howard Avenue, Louis Pasteur Building #57, Cranston, RI 02920

WEBSITE <https://oha.ri.gov/Medicare>

SC

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-803-734-9900 or 1-800-868-9095

WRITE State Health Insurance Assistance Program, South Carolina Department on Aging, 1301 Gervais Street, Suite 350, Columbia, SC 29201

WEBSITE <https://aging.sc.gov/programs-initiatives/medicare-and-medicare-fraud>

SD

Senior Health Information & Insurance Education (SHIINE)

CALL 1-800-536-8197**WRITE** Senior Health Information & Insurance Education (SHIINE), South Dakota Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Support, Hillsview Plaza, 3800 East Highway 34, c/o 500 East Capitol Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501**WEBSITE** <https://dhs.sd.gov/en/ltss/shiine>**TN**

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (TN SHIP)

CALL 1-877-801-0044 or TTY 1-800-848-0299**WRITE** Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (TN SHIP), Department of Disability & Aging, UBS Tower, 8th Floor, 315 Deaderick Street, Nashville, TN 37243-1403**WEBSITE** <https://www.tn.gov/disability-and-aging/disability-aging-programs/tn-ship.html>**TX**

Texas Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP)

CALL 1-800-252-9240 or TTY 711 or 1-800-735-2989**WRITE** Texas Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP), Texas Health and Human Services, P.O. Box 13247, Austin, TX 78711-3247**WEBSITE** <https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare>**UT**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-541-7735**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Utah Department of Health & Human Services, Division of Aging and Adult Services, Cannon Health Building, 288 North 1460 West, Salt Lake City, UT 84116**WEBSITE** <https://daas.utah.gov/seniors/#ship>**VA**

Virginia Insurance Counseling & Assistance Program (VICAP)

CALL 1-804-662-9333 or 1-800-552-3402 or TTY 711**WRITE** Virginia Insurance Counseling & Assistance Program (VICAP), Office for Aging Services, Division for Community Living, 1610 Forest Avenue, Suite 100, Henrico, VA 23229**WEBSITE** <https://www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm>**VT**

Vermont State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-642-5119**WRITE** Vermont Association for Area Agencies on Aging, Vermont State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), 27 Main Street, Suite 14, Montpelier, VT 05602**WEBSITE** <https://www.vermont4a.org/medicare-information>**WA**

Statewide Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)

CALL 1-800-562-6900 or TTY 1-360-586-0241**WRITE** Statewide Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA), Office of the Insurance Commissioner, P.O. Box 40255, Olympia, WA 98504-0255**WEBSITE** <https://www.insurance.wa.gov/how-we-can-help-you-medicare>**WI**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

CALL 1-800-242-1060 or TTY 711 or 1-800-947-3529**WRITE** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Wisconsin Department of Health Services, 1 West Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703**WEBSITE** <https://dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm>**WV**

West Virginia SHIP

CALL 1-304-558-3317 or 1-877-987-3646**WRITE** West Virginia SHIP, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Charleston, WV 25305**WEBSITE** www.wvship.org/

WY

Wyoming State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP)

CALL 1-800-856-4398

WRITE Wyoming State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP), 106 West Adams Avenue, Riverton, WY 82501

WEBSITE <https://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program>

QIO**AK**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-305-6759 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

AL

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

AR

Acentra

CALL 1-888-315-0636 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

AZ

Livanta

CALL 1-877-588-1123 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

CA

Livanta

CALL 1-877-588-1123 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

CO

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

Appendix B – Quality Improvement Organizations

CT

Acentra

CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

DC

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

DE

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

FL

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

GA

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

HI

Livanta

CALL 1-877-588-1123 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

IA

Livanta

CALL 1-888-755-5580 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

ID

Acentra

CALL 1-888-305-6759 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

IL

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

IN

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

KS

Livanta

CALL 1-888-755-5580 or TTY 711

WRITE BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box
2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450

WEBSITE <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

KY

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

LA

Acentra

CALL 1-888-315-0636 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

MA

Acentra

CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711

WRITE Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900,
Tampa, FL 33609

WEBSITE www.Acentraqio.com

MD

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**ME**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**MI**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**MN**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**MO**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-755-5580 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**MS**

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CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**NC**

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CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**NE**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-755-5580 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**NH**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**NJ**

Livanta

CALL 1-866-815-5440 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**NM**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-315-0636 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**NV**

Livanta

CALL 1-877-588-1123 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>

NY

Livanta

CALL 1-866-815-5440 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**OH**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**OK**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-315-0636 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**OR**

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CALL 1-888-305-6759 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**PA**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**RI**

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CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**SC**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**SD**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**TN**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0751 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**TX**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-315-0636 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**UT**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**VA**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**VT**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-319-8452 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**WA**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-305-6759 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com

WI

Livanta

CALL 1-888-524-9900 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**WV**

Livanta

CALL 1-888-396-4646 or TTY 711**WRITE** BFCC-QIO Program, Livanta LLC, PO Box 2687, Virginia Beach, VA 23450**WEBSITE** <https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/en>**WY**

Acentra

CALL 1-888-317-0891 or TTY 711**WRITE** Acentra, 5201 West Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609**WEBSITE** www.Acentraqio.com**Medicaid****AK**

State of Alaska Department of Health & Social Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-478-6065 or 1-907-269-3680**WRITE** State of Alaska Department of Health & Social Services, Division of Health Care Services, 3601 C Street, Suite 902, Anchorage, AK 99503-7167**WEBSITE** <https://health.alaska.gov/en/division-of-health-care-services/>**AL**

Alabama Medicaid Agency

CALL 1-334-242-5000 or 1-800-362-1504 or TTY 1-800-253-0799**WRITE** Alabama Medicaid Agency, P.O. Box 5624, Montgomery, AL 36103-5624**WEBSITE** www.medicaid.alabama.gov**AR**

Arkansas Medicaid

CALL 1-855-372-1084 or TTY 711**WRITE** Arkansas Medicaid, Department of Human Services, Donaghey Plaza, P.O. Box 1437, Little Rock, AR 72203**WEBSITE** <https://access.arkansas.gov/Learn/HealthCare>**AZ**

Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) (Medicaid)

CALL 1-602-417-4000 or 1-800-654-8713**WRITE** Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS), 801 E. Jefferson Street, Phoenix, AZ 85034**WEBSITE** <https://www.azahcccs.gov>**CA**

Medi-Cal (Medicaid)

CALL 1-916-552-9200 or 1-800-541-5555**WRITE** Medi-Cal, P.O. Box 997417, MS 4607, Sacramento, CA 95899-7417**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/medi-cal/Pages/default.aspx>

CO

Health First Colorado (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-221-3943 or TTY 711**WRITE** Health First Colorado, Department of Health Care Policy & Financing, 303 E. 17th Avenue, Suite 1100, Denver, CO 80203**WEBSITE** <https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/>**CT**

Connecticut State Office of the Healthcare Advocate (Medicaid)

CALL 1-866-466-4446 or TTY 1-800-842-4524**WRITE** Office of the Healthcare Advocate, P.O. Box 1543, Hartford, CT 06144**WEBSITE** <https://portal.ct.gov/oha/health-care-plans/other-plans/medicaid>**DC**

Department of Health Care Finance (Washington, DC Medicaid)

CALL 1-202-442-5988 or 1-202-727-5355 or TTY 711**WRITE** Department of Health Care Finance, 441 4th Street, NW, 900S, Washington, DC 20001**WEBSITE** <https://dhcf.dc.gov/service/medicaid>**DE**

Delaware Health & Social Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-302-571-4900 or 1-866-843-7212**WRITE** Delaware Health & Social Services, Division of Medicaid and Medical Assistance, DHSS Herman Holloway Campus, Lewis Building, 1901 N. DuPont Highway, New Castle, DE 19720**WEBSITE** www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/**FL**

Agency For Health Care Administration (Florida Medicaid)

CALL 1-877-711-3662 or TTY 1-866-467-4970**WRITE** Agency For Health Care Administration, P.O. Box 5197, MS 62, Tallahassee, FL 32314**WEBSITE** <http://www.flmedicaidmanagedcare.com/>**GA**

Georgia Medicaid

CALL 1-404-657-5468 or 1-877-423-4746 or TTY 711**WRITE** Georgia Medicaid, Georgia Department of Community Health, 2 Martin Luther King Jr. Drive SE, East Tower, Atlanta, GA 30334**WEBSITE** <https://medicaid.georgia.gov>**HI**

Department of Human Services, MedQUEST Division (Hawaii Medicaid)

CALL 1-808-524-3370 (Oahu) or 1-800-316-8005 (Neighbor Islands) or TTY 711**WRITE** Med-QUEST, P.O. Box 700190, Kapolei, HI 96709-0190**WEBSITE** <https://medquest.hawaii.gov/en/members-applicants/get-started.html>**IA**

Iowa Medicaid

CALL 1-515-256-4606 or 1-800-338-8366 or TTY 1-800-735-2942**WRITE** Iowa Medicaid, Department of Health and Human Services, Lucas Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, IA 50319**WEBSITE** <https://hhs.iowa.gov/programs/welcome-iowa-medicaid>**ID**

Idaho Department of Health and Welfare (Medicaid)

CALL 1-877-456-1233**WRITE** Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, 3232 Elder Street, Boise, ID 83705**WEBSITE** <https://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/services-programs/medicaid-health>**IL**

Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-843-6154 or TTY 1-800-447-6404**WRITE** Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services, 401 South Clinton, Chicago, IL 60607**WEBSITE** <https://hfs.illinois.gov/medicalclients/medicalprograms.html>

IN

Indiana Medicaid

CALL 1-800-457-4584 or TTY 711**WRITE** Indiana Family & Social Services Administration, Division of Family Resources, Office of Medicaid Policy and Planning, 402 W. Washington Street, P.O. Box 7083, Indianapolis, IN 46207-7083**WEBSITE** <https://www.in.gov/medicaid/>**KS**

KanCare (Kansas Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-792-4884 or TTY 1-800-792-4292**WRITE** KanCare, P.O. Box 3599, Topeka, KS 66601-9738**WEBSITE** www.kancare.ks.gov/**KY**

Cabinet for Health and Family Services (Kentucky Medicaid)

CALL 1-502-564-5497**WRITE** Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Medicaid Services, 275 East Main Street 6WA, Frankfort, KY 40621**WEBSITE** <https://www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/Pages/default.aspx>**LA**

Louisiana Medicaid

CALL 1-888-342-6207**WRITE** Louisiana Medicaid, Louisiana Department of Health, P.O. Box 629, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-0629**WEBSITE** <https://ldh.la.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/331>**MA**

MassHealth (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-841-2900 or TTY 711**WRITE** MassHealth, 100 Hancock Street, First Floor, Quincy, MA 02171**WEBSITE** <https://www.mass.gov/orgs/masshealth>**MD**

Maryland Medicaid

CALL 1-410-767-6500 or 1-800-284-4510**WRITE** Maryland Medicaid Administration, Maryland Department of Health, 201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201**WEBSITE** <https://health.maryland.gov/mmcp/Pages/home.aspx>**ME**

Office of MaineCare Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-207-287-3707 or 1-800-977-6740 or TTY 711**WRITE** Office of MaineCare Services, Department of Health and Human Services, 109 Capitol Street, 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333**WEBSITE** <http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms/>**MI**

Michigan Medicaid

CALL 1-800-642-3195 or TTY 1-800-649-3777**WRITE** Michigan Medicaid, Michigan Department of Health & Human Services, 333 South Grand Avenue, P.O. Box 30195, Lansing MI 48909**WEBSITE** <https://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/assistance-programs/medicaid>**MN**

Minnesota Department of Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-651-431-2670 or 1-800-657-3739 or TTY 711**WRITE** Minnesota Department of Human Services, 444 Lafayette Road, St. Paul, MN 55155**WEBSITE** <https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/seniors/health-care/health-care-programs/programs-and-services/medical-assistance.jsp>**MO**

MO HealthNet Division (Medicaid)

CALL 1-573-751-3425 or 1-800-392-2161 or TTY 1-800-735-2966 or 711**WRITE** Missouri Dept of Social Services, MO HealthNet Division, 615 Howerton Court, P.O. Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102-6500**WEBSITE** <https://mydss.mo.gov/mhd>

MS

Mississippi Division of Medicaid

CALL 1-601-359-6050 or 1-800-421-2408**WRITE** Mississippi Division of Medicaid, 550 High Street, Suite 1000, Jackson, MS 39201**WEBSITE** www.medicaid.ms.gov**MT**

Montana Medicaid

CALL 1-800-362-8312 or TTY 1-800-833-8503**WRITE** Montana Medicaid, Montana Department of Public Health & Human Services, P.O. Box 202953, Helena, MT 59620-2953**WEBSITE** <https://www.dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/MemberServices>**NC**

NC Medicaid

CALL 1-888-245-0179**WRITE** NC Medicaid, Division of Health Benefits, 2501 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-2501**WEBSITE** https://ncgov.servicenowservices.com/sp_beneficiary?id=bnf_learn**ND**

North Dakota Health and Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-701-328-7068 or 1-800-755-2604 or TTY 711**WRITE** Medical Services Division, North Dakota Health and Human Services, 600 E. Boulevard Avenue, Dept. 325, Bismarck, ND 58505-0250**WEBSITE** <https://www.hhs.nd.gov/healthcare/medicaid>**NE**

Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-855-632-7633 or TTY 1-402-471-7256 or 1-800-833-7352**WRITE** Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services, Medicaid Dept, 301 Centennial Mall S, Lincoln, NE 68508**WEBSITE** <https://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/Medicaid-Eligibility.aspx>**NH**

NH Department of Health and Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-844-275-3447 or TTY 1-800-735-2964**WRITE** Division of Medicaid Services, NH Department of Health and Human Services, 129 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 03301**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/medicaid>**NJ**

NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid

CALL 1-800-701-0710 or TTY 711**WRITE** NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid, NJ Department of Human Services, 222 South Warren Street, P.O. Box 700, Trenton, NJ 08625-0712**WEBSITE** <https://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/>**NM**

NM Human Services Department's Medical Assistance Division (Medicaid)

CALL 1-505-827-3100 or 1-800-283-4465**WRITE** NM Human Services Department's Medical Assistance Division, P.O. Box 2348, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2348**WEBSITE** <https://nmmedicaid.portal.conduent.com/static/index.htm>**NV**

Nevada Medicaid

CALL 1-800-992-0900 or 1-877-638-3472**WRITE** Nevada Medicaid, Customer Service, P.O. Box 30042, Reno, NV 89520-3042**WEBSITE** <https://accessnevada.gov/public/landing-page>**NY**

New York State Medicaid

CALL 1-800-541-2831 or 1-855-355-5777 or TTY 1-800-662-1220**WRITE** New York State Medicaid, New York State Department of Health, Corning Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12237**WEBSITE** www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/

OH

Ohio Department of Medicaid

CALL 1-800-324-8680 or TTY 1-800-292-3572**WRITE** Ohio Department of Medicaid, 50 West Town Street, Suite 400, Columbus, OH 43215**WEBSITE** <http://medicaid.ohio.gov/>**OK**

SoonerCare (Oklahoma Medicaid)

CALL 1-405-522-7300 or 1-800-987-7767 or TTY 711**WRITE** SoonerCare, Oklahoma Health Care Authority, 4345 North Lincoln Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73105**WEBSITE** <https://www.oklahoma.gov/ohca.html>**OR**

Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-699-9075 or 1-800-273-0557 or TTY 711**WRITE** Oregon Health Plan, Medicaid Division, P.O. Box 14015, Salem, OR 97301-1097**WEBSITE** <https://www.oregon.gov/oha/HSD/OHP/Pages/index.aspx>**PA**

Pennsylvania Department of Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-692-7462 or TTY 1-800-451-5886**WRITE** Pennsylvania Department of Human Services, Office of Medical Assistance Programs, P.O. Box 2675, Harrisburg, PA 17105-2675**WEBSITE** <https://www.pa.gov/en/agencies/dhs/resources/medicaid.html>**PR**

Medicaid Program Department of Health (Puerto Rico Medicaid)

CALL 1-787-641-4224 or 1-787-765-2929 Ext. 6700 or TTY 1-787-625-6955**WRITE** Medicaid Program Department of Health, P.O. Box 70184 San Juan, PR 00936-8184**WEBSITE** <https://www.medicaid.pr.gov/>**RI**

Rhode Island Executive Office of Health and Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-855-840-4774 or TTY 711**WRITE** RI Executive Office of Health and Human Services, 3 West Road, Cranston, RI 02920**WEBSITE** <https://eohhs.ri.gov/consumer/health-care>**SC**

South Carolina Healthy Connections Medicaid

CALL 1-888-549-0820 or TTY 1-888-842-3620**WRITE** SC Department of Health and Human Services, South Carolina Healthy Connections Medicaid, P.O. Box 8206, Columbia, SC 29202-8206**WEBSITE** <https://www.scdhhs.gov>**SD**

South Dakota Department of Social Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-605-773-3165**WRITE** South Dakota Department of Social Services, Division of Medical Services, 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, SD 57501**WEBSITE** <https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/default.aspx>**TN**

TennCare (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-342-3145 or 1-855-259-0701 or TTY 1-877-779-3103**WRITE** TennCare, 310 Great Circle Road, Nashville, TN 37243**WEBSITE** <https://www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/eligibility/tenncare-medicaid.html>**TX**

Texas Health and Human Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-335-8957 or 1-800-252-8263 or TTY 711 or 1-800-735-2989**WRITE** Texas Health and Human Services, P.O. Box 13247, Austin, Texas 78711-3247**WEBSITE** <https://www.hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicaid-chip>

UT

Utah Medicaid

CALL 1-800-662-9651**WRITE** Utah Medicaid, Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Integrated Healthcare, P.O. Box 143106, Salt Lake City, UT 84114-3106**WEBSITE** <https://medicaid.utah.gov/>**VA**

Virginia Medicaid

CALL 1-833-5CALLVA or TTY 1-888-221-1590**WRITE** Department of Medical Assistance Services, Virginia Medicaid, 600 E. Broad Street, Richmond, VA 23219**WEBSITE** <https://www.dmas.virginia.gov/>**VT**

Green Mountain Care (Vermont Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-250-8427 or TTY 711**WRITE** Green Mountain Care, Department of Vermont Health Access, 280 State Drive, NOB 1 South, Waterbury, VT 05671-1010**WEBSITE** <https://dvha.vermont.gov/members/medicaid>**WA**

Washington Apple Health (Medicaid)

CALL 1-800-562-3022 or TTY 711**WRITE** Washington Apple Health (Medicaid), Washington State Health Care Authority, P.O. Box 45531, Olympia, WA 98504**WEBSITE** <https://www.hca.wa.gov/free-or-low-cost-health-care>**WI**

Wisconsin Medicaid

CALL 1-800-362-3002 or TTY 711 or 1-800-947-3529**WRITE** Wisconsin Medicaid, Department of Health Services, 1 West Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703**WEBSITE** <https://dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid/index.htm>**WV**

West Virginia Bureau for Medical Services (Medicaid)

CALL 1-304-558-1700**WRITE** West Virginia Bureau for Medical Services, 350 Capitol Street, Room 251, Charleston, WV 25301**WEBSITE** www.dhhr.wv.gov/bms/Pages/default.aspx**WY**

Wyoming Medicaid

CALL 1-307-777-7531 or 1-855-294-2127 or TTY 1-307-777-5648**WRITE** Wyoming Medicaid, 122 W. 25th Street, 4th Floor West, Cheyenne, WY 82001**WEBSITE** <https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/>

SPAP**DE**

Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP)

CALL 1-302-424-7180 or 1-800-464-4357**WRITE** Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP), Delaware Health and Social Services (DHSS), Milford Riverwalk, 253 NE Front Street, Riverwalk Shopping Center, Milford, DE 19963**WEBSITE** www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/crdpr.html

Delaware Prescription Assistance Program

CALL 1-844-245-9580**WRITE** DPAP, P.O. Box 950, New Castle, DE 19720**WEBSITE** <https://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html>**IN**

HoosierRx

CALL 1-866-267-4679**WRITE** HoosierRx, 402 W. Washington, Room 372, Indianapolis, IN 46204**WEBSITE** <https://www.in.gov/medicaid/members/member-programs/hoosierx/>**MA**

Prescription Advantage

CALL 1-800-243-4636 or TTY 1-877-610-0241**WRITE** Prescription Advantage, P.O. Box 15153, Worcester, MA 01615-0153**WEBSITE** <https://www.prescriptionadvantagemma.org/>**MD**

Maryland - SPDAP

CALL 1-800-551-5995 or TTY 1-800-877-5156**WRITE** Maryland - SPDAP, c/o International Software Systems Inc., P.O. Box 749, Greenbelt, MD 20768-0749**WEBSITE** <http://marylandspdap.com>

Maryland Kidney Disease Program

CALL 1-410-767-5000**WRITE** Maryland Kidney Disease Program, 201 W. Preston Street, Room SS-3, Baltimore, MD 21201**WEBSITE** <https://health.maryland.gov/pha/Pages/maryland-kidney-disease-program.aspx>**ME**

Maine Rx Plus

CALL 1-866-796-2463 or 1-800-423-4331 or TTY 1-207-287-1828**WRITE** Maine Rx Plus, Department of Health and Human Services, 109 Capitol Street, 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333**WEBSITE** <https://www.payingforseniorcare.com/maine/drugs-for-elderly-rx-plus>**MO**

Missouri Rx (MORx)

CALL 1-800-375-1406 or TTY 1-800-375-1493**WRITE** Missouri Rx (MORx), Missouri Dept of Social Services, MO HealthNet Division, 615 Howerton Court, PO Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102-6500**WEBSITE** <https://mydss.mo.gov/mhd/morx-general-faqs>**MT**

Big Sky Rx Program

CALL 1-866-369-1233 or TTY 711**WRITE** Big Sky Rx Program, P.O. Box 202915, Helena, MT 59620-2915**WEBSITE** <https://dphhs.mt.gov/SLTC/aging/BigSky>

Montana Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP)

CALL 1-406-444-3964**WRITE** Montana Mental Health Services Plan (MHSP), Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities Division, P.O. Box 4210, Helena, MT 59620**WEBSITE** <https://dphhs.mt.gov/BHDD/mentalhealthservices/index>**NJ**

Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled (PAAD)

CALL 1-800-792-9745**WRITE** Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled (PAAD), Division of Aging Services, New Jersey Department of Human Services, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715**WEBSITE** <https://www.nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/l-p/paad/>

Senior Gold Prescription Discount Program

CALL	1-800-792-9745
WRITE	Senior Gold Prescription Discount Program, Division of Aging Services, New Jersey Department of Human Services, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715
WEBSITE	https://nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/q-z/senior-gold/

NM**New Mexico Medical Insurance Pool**

CALL	1-866-306-1882
WRITE	New Mexico Medical Insurance Pool, P.O. Box 780548, San Antonio, TX 78278
WEBSITE	https://www.nmmip.org/

NY**Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC) Program**

CALL	1-800-332-3742 or TTY 1-800-290-9138
WRITE	EPIC, P.O. Box 15018, Albany, NY 12212-5018
WEBSITE	www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/

OK**Rx for Oklahoma Prescription Assistance**

CALL	1-405-521-2828 or 1-800-763-2828 or TTY 711
WRITE	Rx for Oklahoma Prescription Assistance, Oklahoma Insurance Department, 400 NE 50th Street, Oklahoma City, OK 73105
WEBSITE	https://www.oid.ok.gov/consumers/information-for-seniors/senior-health-insurance-counseling-program-ship/low-income-subsidy-lis-for-prescription-drugs/

PA**Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP)**

CALL	1-800-225-7223 or TTY 711
WRITE	The Chronic Renal Disease Program, Pennsylvania Department of Health, Division of Child and Adult Health Services, Health and Human Services Building, 625 Forster Street, 7th Floor East Wing, Harrisburg, PA 17120-0701
WEBSITE	https://www.pa.gov/agencies/health/diseases-conditions/chronic-disease/chronic-renal-disease.html

PACE Needs Enhancement Tier (PACENET)

CALL	1-800-225-7223 or TTY 711
WRITE	PACE Needs Enhancement Tier (PACENET), P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806
WEBSITE	https://www.pa.gov/agencies/aging/aging-programs-and-services/pace-program.html

Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract for the Elderly (PACE)

CALL	1-800-225-7223 or TTY 711
WRITE	Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract for the Elderly (PACE), P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806
WEBSITE	https://www.pa.gov/agencies/aging/aging-programs-and-services/pace-program.html

RI**Rhode Island Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Elderly (RIPAE)**

CALL	1-401-462-3000 or 1-401-462-0560 or TTY 1-401-462-0740
WRITE	Rhode Island Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Elderly (RIPAE), Office of Healthy Aging, 25 Howard Avenue, Louis Pasteur Building #57, Cranston, RI 02920
WEBSITE	https://oha.ri.gov/what-we-do/access/health-insurance-coaching/drug-cost-assistance

TX**Kidney Health Care Program**

CALL	1-512-776-7150 or 1-800-222-3986
WRITE	Kidney Health Care Program, MC 1938, P.O. Box 149030, Austin, TX 78714-9947
WEBSITE	https://www.hhs.texas.gov/services/health/chronic-kidney-disease/kidney-health-care

VT**Green Mountain Care Prescription Assistance**

CALL	1-800-250-8427 or TTY 711
WRITE	Green Mountain Care, Department of Vermont Health Access, 280 State Drive, NOB 1 South, Waterbury, VT 05671-8100
WEBSITE	https://dvha.vermont.gov/members/prescription-assistance

WI

SeniorCare

CALL 1-800-657-2038 or TTY 711**WRITE** SeniorCare, P.O. Box 6710, Madison, WI 53716-0710**WEBSITE** <https://dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm>

Wisconsin Adult Cystic Fibrosis Program

CALL 1-800-362-3002**WRITE** Wisconsin Adult Cystic Fibrosis Program, Wisconsin Chronic Disease Program, Attn: Eligibility Unit, P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716-0410**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm>

Wisconsin Chronic Renal Disease Program

CALL 1-800-362-3002**WRITE** Wisconsin Chronic Renal Disease Program, P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716-0410**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm>

Wisconsin Hemophilia Home Care Program

CALL 1-800-362-3002**WRITE** Wisconsin Hemophilia Home Care Program, Wisconsin Chronic Disease Program, Attn: Eligibility Unit, P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716-0410**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm>**ADAP****AK**

Alaskan AIDS Assistance Association

CALL 1-907-263-2050 or 1-800-478-2437**WRITE** Alaskan AIDS Assistance Association, 1057 W. Fireweed Lane, Suite 102, Anchorage, AK 99503**WEBSITE** <https://www.alaskanids.org/client-services/aids-drug-assistance-program-adap>**AL**

Alabama AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-866-574-9964**WRITE** Alabama AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Office of HIV Prevention and Care, Alabama Department of Public Health, P.O. Box 303017, Montgomery, AL 36130-3017**WEBSITE** <http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/hiv/adap.html>**AR**

Arkansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-800-462-0599**WRITE** Arkansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Arkansas Department of Health, 4815 W. Markham, Little Rock, AR 72205**WEBSITE** <https://healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/diseases-conditions/infectious-disease/ryan-white-program/>**AZ**

Arizona AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-602-364-3610 or 1-800-334-1540**WRITE** Arizona AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Arizona Department of Health Services, 150 North 18th Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85007**WEBSITE** <https://www.azdhs.gov/preparedness/bureau-of-infectious-disease-and-services/hiv-hepatitis-c-services/index.php#aids-drug-assistance-program-home>

CA

California AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-916-558-1784**WRITE** California AIDS Drug Assistance Program, CDPH, P.O. Box 997377, Mail Stop 0500, Sacramento, CA 95899**WEBSITE** <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/Pages/OAadap.aspx>**CO**

Bridging the Gap - Colorado

CALL 1-303-692-2716**WRITE** Bridging the Gap -Colorado, CDPHE Care and Treatment Program SDAP-3800, 4300 Cherry Creek Drive South, Denver, CO 80246-1530**WEBSITE** <https://cdphe.colorado.gov/state-drug-assistance-program>**CT**

Connecticut AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-860-509-8000**WRITE** Connecticut AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Connecticut Department of Public Health, 410 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06134**WEBSITE** <https://portal.ct.gov/dss/health-and-home-care/cadap/connecticut-aids-drug-assistance-program-cadap>**DC**

DC AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-202-671-4815 or TTY 711**WRITE** DC AIDS Drug Assistance Program, DC Health, 2201 Shannon Place SE, Washington, DC 20020**WEBSITE** <https://dchealth.dc.gov/DC%20Pharmacy%20Benefits%20Program>**DE**

Ryan White Program (Delaware AIDS Drug Assistance Program)

CALL 1-302-744-1000**WRITE** Ryan White Program, Delaware Health & Social Services, Division of Public Health, Thomas Collins Building, 540 S. DuPont Highway, Dover, DE 19901**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dph/dpc/hivtreatment.html>**FL**

Florida AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-850-245-4422 or 1-844-381-2327 or TTY 1-888-503-7118**WRITE** Florida AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Florida Department of Health, HIV/AIDS Section, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, BIN A09, Tallahassee, FL 32399**WEBSITE** <http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/index.html>**GA**

Georgia AIDS Assistance Program

CALL 1-404-656-9805**WRITE** Georgia AIDS Assistance Program, Georgia Department of Public Health, 200 Piedmont Avenue SE, Atlanta, GA 30334**WEBSITE** <https://dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care/aids-drug-assistance-program-adap>**HI**

Hawaii AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-808-733-9360**WRITE** Hawaii AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Hawaii Department of Health, Harm Reduction Services Branch, 3627 Kilauea Avenue, Suite 306, Honolulu, HI 96816**WEBSITE** <https://health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/about-us/hiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/>**IA**

Ryan White Benefits and Drug Assistance Program (Iowa ADAP)

CALL 1-800-972-2017 or TTY 711 or 1-800-735-2942**WRITE** Ryan White Benefits and Drug Assistance Program, Iowa Department of Health and Human Services, Lucas Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, IA 50319**WEBSITE** <https://hhs.iowa.gov/hiv-sti-and-hepatitis/hivaids-program>

Appendix E – AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)

ID	
Idaho AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-208-334-5612 or 1-800-926-2588
WRITE	Idaho AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Ryan White Part B Program, Dept. of Health & Welfare, 450 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0036
WEBSITE	https://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/health-wellness/diseases-conditions/hiv

IL	
Illinois AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-217-782-4977 or 1-800-325-3518 or TTY 1-800-547-0466
WRITE	Illinois AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Illinois Department of Public Health, Illinois ADAP Office, 525 West Jefferson Street, Springfield, IL 62761
WEBSITE	https://www.dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-conditions/hiv-aids/ryan-white-care-and-hopwa-services

IN	
Indiana AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-866-588-4948
WRITE	Indiana AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Indiana State Department of Health, 2 North Meridian Street, Suite 6C, Indianapolis, IN 46204
WEBSITE	https://www.in.gov/health/hiv-std-viral-hepatitis/hiv-services/

KS	
Kansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-785-296-1086
WRITE	Kansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Division of Public Health, 1000 SW Jackson, Suite 540, Topeka, KS 66612
WEBSITE	https://www.kdhe.ks.gov/359/AIDS-Drug-Assistance-Program-ADAP

KY	
Kentucky AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-502-564-6539 or 1-866-510-0005
WRITE	Kentucky AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Public Health, HIV/AIDS Branch, 275 E. Main St. HS2E-C, Frankfort, KY 40621
WEBSITE	https://www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph/dehp/hab/Pages/services.aspx

LA	
Louisiana Health Access Program (LA HAP)	
CALL	1-504-568-7474
WRITE	Louisiana Health Access Program (LA HAP), 1450 Poydras Street, Suite 2136, New Orleans, LA 70112
WEBSITE	http://www.lahap.org/

MA	
Massachusetts HIV Drug Assistance Program (HDAP)	
CALL	1-617-502-1700 or 1-800-228-2714
WRITE	Massachusetts HIV Drug Assistance Program (HDAP), Community Research Initiative of New England, The Schrafft's City Center, 529 Main Street, Suite 301, Boston, MA 02129
WEBSITE	https://crihealth.org/drug-assistance/hdap/

MD	
Maryland AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-410-767-6535 or 1-800-205-6308
WRITE	Maryland AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Client Services, 1223 W. Pratt Street, Baltimore, MD 21223
WEBSITE	https://health.maryland.gov/phpa/OIDPCS/Pages/MADAP.aspx

ME	
Maine AIDS Drug Assistance Program	
CALL	1-207-287-3747 or TTY 711
WRITE	Maine AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Department of Health and Human Services, 109 Capitol Street, 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333
WEBSITE	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/mecdc/infectious-disease/hiv-std/services/ryan-white-b.shtml#adap

MI

Michigan Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-888-826-6565**WRITE** Michigan Drug Assistance Program, HIV Care Section, Division of HIV/STI Programs, Client and Partner Services, Bureau of HIV and STI Programs, Michigan Department of Health and Human Services, P.O. Box 30727, Lansing, MI 48909**WEBSITE** <https://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/keep-mi-healthy/chronicdiseases/hivsti/michigan-drug-assistance-program>**MN**

Minnesota AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-651-431-2414 or 1-800-657-3761 or TTY 711**WRITE** Minnesota AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Minnesota Department of Human Services, HIV/AIDS Division, P.O. Box 64972, St. Paul, MN 55164-0972**WEBSITE** <http://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/adults/health-care/hiv-aids/programs-services/medications.jsp>**MO**

Missouri AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-888-252-8045**WRITE** Missouri AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Missouri Department of Health & Senior Services, Bureau of HIV, STD, and Hepatitis, P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0570**WEBSITE** <http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/hivaids/casemgmt.php>**MS**

Mississippi AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-601-362-4879 or 1-888-343-7373**WRITE** Mississippi AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Mississippi State Department of Health, Office of STD/HIV, P.O. Box 1700, Jackson, MS 39215-1700**WEBSITE** http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/_static/14,13047,150.html**MT**

Montana AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-406-444-3565**WRITE** Montana AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services, HIV/STD Section, Cogswell Building, Room C211, 1400 Broadway, Helena, MT 59620-2951**WEBSITE** <https://dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatment/mtryanwhiteprog#:~:text=ADAP%20helps%20ensure%20that%20people,see%20the%20ADAP%20Pharmacy%20List.>**NC**

North Carolina HIV Medication Assistance Program (HMAP)

CALL 1-919-733-3419**WRITE** North Carolina HIV Medication Assistance Program (HMAP), NC Department of Health and Human Services, Communicable Disease Branch, Epidemiology Section, Division of Public Health, 1902 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1902**WEBSITE** <https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hiv/hmap.html>**ND**

North Dakota AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-701-328-2378 or 1-800-472-2180**WRITE** North Dakota AIDS Drug Assistance Program, North Dakota Department of Health, HIV/AIDS Program, 600 E. Boulevard Avenue, Dept. 325, Bismarck, ND 58505-0250**WEBSITE** <https://www.hhs.nd.gov/health/diseases-conditions-and-immunization/HIV/LivingwithHIV/RyanWhite>**NE**

Nebraska AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-402- 471-3121 or TTY 1-800-833-7352**WRITE** Nebraska AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Ryan White Program, NE Division of Public Health, Department of Health & Human Services, P.O. Box 95206, Lincoln, NE 68509-5026**WEBSITE** <https://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/HIV-Care.aspx>

NH

New Hampshire AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-603-271-4496 or TTY 1-800-735-2964**WRITE** New Hampshire AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Bureau of Infectious Disease Control, 29 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301-3852**WEBSITE** <https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/disease-prevention/infectious-disease-control/nh-ryan-white-care-program/nh-aids>**NJ**

New Jersey AIDS Drug Distribution Program (ADDP)

CALL 1-877-613-4533 or 1-800-353-3232**WRITE** New Jersey AIDS Drug Distribution Program (ADDP), New Jersey Department of Health, P.O. Box 360, Trenton, NJ 08625**WEBSITE** <https://www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/hiv-aids/medications.shtml>**NM**

New Mexico AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-833-796-8773**WRITE** New Mexico AIDS Drug Assistance Program, NM Health, Harold Runnels Building, 1190 S. St. Francis Drive, Suite S-1200, Santa Fe, NM 87505**WEBSITE** <https://nmhealth.org/about/phd/idb/hats/>**NV**

Nevada AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-702-526-4573**WRITE** Nevada AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Ryan White Program, 2290 S. Jones Boulevard, Suite 110, Las Vegas, NV 89146**WEBSITE** <https://endhivnevada.org/ryan-white-care/>**NY**

New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-844-682-4058 or 1-800-542-2437 or TTY 1-518-459-0121**WRITE** New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program, New York Department of Health, HIV Uninsured Care Programs, Empire Station, P.O. Box 2052, Albany, NY 12220-0052**WEBSITE** <http://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/adap/index.htm>**OH**

Ohio HIV Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-800-777-4775**WRITE** Ohio HIV Drug Assistance Program, Ohio Department of Health, HIV Care Services Section, 246 North High Street, Columbus, OH 43215**WEBSITE** <https://odh.ohio.gov/know-our-programs/Ryan-White-Part-B-HIV-Client-Services/AIDS-Drug-Assistance-Program>**OK**

Oklahoma HIV Drug Assistance Program (HDAP)

CALL 1-405-271-5600 or 1-800-522-0203**WRITE** Oklahoma HIV Drug Assistance Program (HDAP), Oklahoma State Department of Health, 123 Robert S. Kerr Ave., Suite 1702, Oklahoma City, OK 73102-6406**WEBSITE** <https://oklahoma.gov/content/dam/ok/en/health/health2/aem-documents/prevention-and-preparedness/sexual-health-harm-reduction/provider-info/training-material/hiv-hdapbrochure14.pdf>**OR**

CAREAssist

CALL 1-971-673-0144 or TTY 711**WRITE** CAREAssist, Oregon Health Authority, 800 NE Oregon Street, Suite 1105, Portland, OR 97232**WEBSITE** <https://www.oregon.gov/oha/PH/Diseases/Conditions/HIVSTDViralHepatitis/HIVCareTreatment/Pages/index.aspx>**PA**

Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program

CALL 1-800-922-9384**WRITE** Pennsylvania Department of Health, Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program, P.O. Box 8808, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8808**WEBSITE** <https://www.pa.gov/agencies/health/diseases-conditions/infectious-disease/hiv/special-pharmaceutical-benefits.html>

PR

Programa Ryan White Parte B/ADAP

CALL 1-787-765-2929 or 1-787-522-3954**WRITE** Departamento de Salud, SASSI/SPCEIT, Programa Ryan White Parte B/ADAP, P.O. Box 70184, San Juan, PR 00936-8184**WEBSITE** <https://www.salud.pr.gov/CMS/137>**RI**

Rhode Island AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-401-462-3295 or 1-401-462-5274**WRITE** Rhode Island AIDS Drug Assistance Program, RI Executive Office of Health & Human Services, 3 West Road, Cranston, RI 02920**WEBSITE** <https://eohhs.ri.gov/Consumer/Adults/RyanWhiteHIVAIDS.aspx>**SC**

South Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-800-856-9954**WRITE** South Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program, South Carolina Department of Public Health, 2100 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201**WEBSITE** <https://dph.sc.gov/diseases-conditions/infectious-diseases/hiv aids/aids-drug-assistance-program>**SD**

Ryan White Part B CARE Program

CALL 1-605-773-3737 or 1-800-592-1861**WRITE** Ryan White Part B CARE Program, South Dakota Department of Health, 615 E. 4th Street, Pierre, SD 57501-1700**WEBSITE** <https://doh.sd.gov/topics/disease-prevention-services/hiv aids/ryan-white-part-b-program/>**TN**

Tennessee Ryan White Part B Program

CALL 1-615-532-2392**WRITE** Tennessee Ryan White Part B Program, Tennessee Department of Health, 710 James Robertson Parkway, Nashville, TN 37243**WEBSITE** <https://www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/std/std/ryan-white-part-b-program.html>**TX**

Texas HIV Medication Program

CALL 1-800-255-1090**WRITE** Texas HIV Medication Program, MSJA, MC 1873, P.O. Box 149347, Austin, TX 78714-9347**WEBSITE** <http://www.dshs.texas.gov/hivstd/meds/>**UT**

Utah AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-801-538-6191**WRITE** Utah AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Utah Department of Health & Human Services, Cannon Health Building, 288 N 1460 W, Salt Lake City, UT 84116**WEBSITE** <https://epi.utah.gov/ryan-white/>**VA**

Virginia Medication Assistance Program (VA MAP)

CALL 1-855-362-0658 or TTY 711**WRITE** Virginia Medication Assistance Program (VA MAP) Virginia Department of Health, HCS Unit, 1st Floor, James Madison Building, 109 Governor Street, Richmond, VA 23219**WEBSITE** <https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/disease-prevention/eligibility/>**VT**

Vermont Medication Assistance Program (VMAP)

CALL 1-802-951-4005 or 1-800-464-4343**WRITE** Vermont Medication Assistance Program (VMAP), Vermont Department of Health, 108 Cherry Street, P.O. Box 70, Burlington, VT 05402-0070**WEBSITE** <https://www.healthvermont.gov/disease-control/hiv/hiv-care>**WA**

Early Intervention Program (EIP)

CALL 1-360-236-3426 or 1-877-376-9316**WRITE** Early Intervention Program (EIP), Washington State Department of Health, P.O. Box 47841, Olympia, WA 98504-7841**WEBSITE** <https://doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/illness-and-disease-z/hiv/hiv-care-client-services/early-intervention-program>

WI

Wisconsin AIDS/HIV Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-608-267-6875 or 1-800-991-5532

WRITE Wisconsin AIDS/HIV Drug Assistance Program, Wisconsin Division of Public Health, Attn: ADAP, P.O. Box 2659, Madison, WI 53701-2659

WEBSITE <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/hiv/hdap-clients.htm>

WV

West Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program

CALL 1-304-232-6822

WRITE West Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program, Attn: Jay Adams - HIV Care Coordinator, P.O. Box 6360, Wheeling, WV 26003

WEBSITE <https://oeeps.wv.gov/rwp/pages/default.aspx#adap>

WY

Wyoming Communicable Disease Treatment Program

CALL 1-307-777-6563 or 1-866-571-0944

WRITE Wyoming Communicable Disease Treatment Program, Wyoming Department of Health, 401 Hathaway Building, Cheyenne, WY 82002

WEBSITE <https://health.wyo.gov/publichealth/communicable-disease-unit/hiv-treatment-program/hiv-treatment-resources-for-patients/>

HealthSpring True Choice (PPO) Customer Service

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
Call	<p>1-888-281-7867</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p> <p>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
TTY	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. Customer Service is available October 1 - March 31, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. April 1 - September 30, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday. Our automated phone system may answer your call during weekends, holidays and after hours.</p>
Write	<p>HealthSpring Attn: Medicare Customer Service PO Box 1002 Nashville, TN 37202</p>
Website	<p>www.HealthSpring.com/GroupMA</p>

The State Health Insurance Program is a state program that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Refer to Appendix A of this book for contact information.

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

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